### DOCUMENT RESUME

ED 238 620

RC 014 486

AUTHOR

Pollack, Susan, L.; Jackson, William R., Jr.

The Hired Farm Working Force of 1981. TITLE INSTITUTION

Economic Research Service (DOA); Washington, D.C.

REPORT NO AER-507 PUB DATE Nov -83

NOTE 70p.; For related document, see ED 178 259.

Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing AVAILABLE FROM

Office, Washington, D.C. 20402.

PUB TYPE Statistical Data (110) -- Reports - General (140)

EDR'S PRICE DESCRIPTORS

MF01/PC03 Plus Postage.

Age Differences; \*Agricultural Laborers; Blacks; Census Figures; Demography; Educational Attainment; Employed Women; \*Employment Patterns; \*Employment Statistics; Ethnic Groups; \*Farm Labor; Geographic Distribution; Mispanic Americans; Labor Force; \*Migrant Workers; Place of Residence; Seasonal

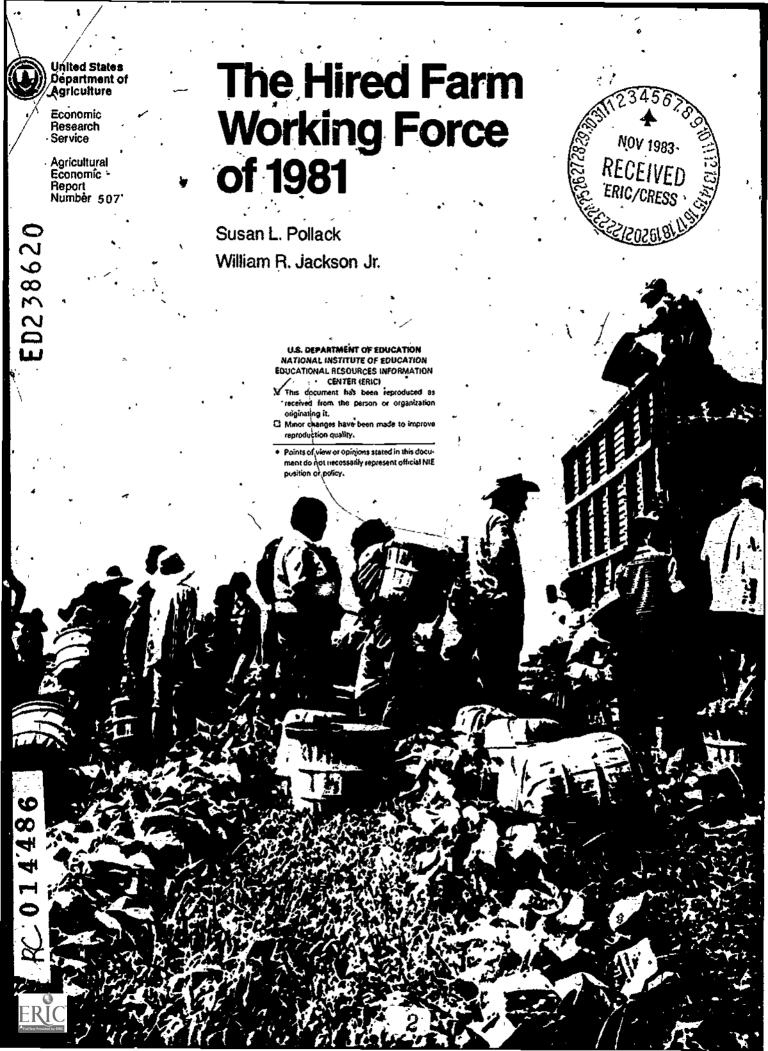
Laborers; Sex Differences; \*Socioeconomic Background;

Wages; Whites; Worker Days

ABSTRACT -

The report presents data on the demographic, social, and economic characteristics of the approximately 2.5 million persons 14 years old and over who did hired farmwork during 1981. Data from a survey conducted by the Bureau of the Census included each state and the District of Columbia but not Puerto Rico or other United States territories. In 1981, most farmworkers were under 25 (55%), white (73%), and male (77%). Hispanics comprised 13% of the workers; blacks and others, 14%. Workers aweraged 98 days of farmwork; earned an average \$4,299 annually, of which \$2,659 resulted from farmwork; and had a median education of 11 years (7.1 years for Hispanics, 9.6 years for blacks, 11.7 years for whites). Demographic data indicated that at survey time, most farmworkers were in the South (40%) and the North-Central Region (28%). Migrant laborers, 75% of whom were white, accounted for 5% of hired farmworkers, a decline from recent years. Since 1971, the number of farmworkers between ages 18 and 44 increased, the number between ages 14 and 17 decreased, and the number of days spent at farm work increased. Statistical tables present racial/ethnic characteristics, farmwork, duration, demographic and employment characteristics, and farm and nonfarm earnings. (SB)

Reproductions supplied by EDRS are the best that can be made from the original document.



CONTENTS		Page
	Highlights	iv
,	Introduction	1
	Hired Farmworker Traits in 1981	4
	Age and Sex	5
	Household Status and Family Size	6
<b>**</b>	Education	6
· /	Employment and Earnings	8
` , ;	Days Worked	9
	Primary Employment Status	11
	Regional Distribution	13
•	Racial/Ethnic Groups	14
•	Crop and Livestock Activity	14
•	Migrants	15
*	Trends	17
<b>\$</b>	Appendix I: Statistical Tables	22
•	·FF	∘ 50
, .	Appendix III: Definitions and Explanations	· 56
·		
APPENDIX TABLES .		
•	<b>.</b>	· ·
	l All hired farmworkers: Distribution by racial/	
	ethnic groups and selected characteristics,	•
•	1981	22
	.2 All hired farmworkers: Distribution by racial/	
	ethnic groups, sex, and selected character-	
•	istics, 1981	24
٠,		-
•	3 Hired farmworkers who did fewer than 25 days of	
*	farmwork: Distribution by racial/ethnic groups	
	and selected characteristics, 1981	26
	tild Scienced Characteristics, 1901	
_ *	4 Hired farmworkers who did 25 to 149 days of farm-	
	work: Distribution by racial/ethnic groups and	
	selected characteristics, 1981	28
3	serected characteristics, 1701	
1	5 Hired farmworkers who did 150 or more days of farm-	
•	work: Distribution by racial/ethnic groups and	
,	selected characteristics, 1981	30
	bexected characteristics, 1901	
•.	6 All hired farmworkers: Days of farmwork by selected	
,	characteristics, 1981	32
	tualactelistics, 1701	. "-
	7 All hired farmworkers: Demographic characteristics	•
•	· hara	
•	by average number of days worked and earnings,	34
	1981	J-1
, s	O All binal famourantames Bankarana tamana at a	
	8 All hired farmworkers: Employment characteristics	ኔ
	by average number of days worked, and earnings,	
- '	1981	35
	0 412 hand, Commentered Barbara 11 11 12 12 12 1	
•	9 All bired farmworkers: Regions and racial/ethnic	
	groups by average number of days worked and earn-	
	ings, 1981	36

4.

CONTENTS	• ;		Page
	High Intr	lights	iy 1
		d Farmworker Traits in 1981	. 4
		e and Sex	. 5
		usehold Status and Family Size	6
<b>'</b>		ucation	6
·, /		oyment and Earnings	8
• • •		ys Worked	9
	Pr	imary Employment Status	11
	Regi	onal Distribution	13
•		cial/Ethnic Groups	14
,		op and Livestock Activity	, 14
		ants	15
<b>"</b>		ds	17
;	Appe	ndix I: `Statistical Tables	. 22
•		ndix II: Source and Reliability of Estimates	- 50
	·Appe	ndix III: Definitions and Explanations	56
• :	<i>)</i> -		
APPENDIX TABLES .			٠,
•	1	All hired farmworkers: Distribution by racial/	
	_	ethnic groups and selected characteristics,	
•		1981	22
, s · · · •			
	∑ .2	All hired farmworkers: Distribution by racial/	
		ethnic groups, sex, and selected character-	۰.
,	•	istics, 1981	24
<b>(</b>	,		
	3 '	Hired farmworkers who did fewer than 25 days of	•
•	•	farmwork: Distribution by racial/ethnic groups	
		and selected characteristics, 1981	26
		~	
- * .	4	Hired farmworkers who did 25 to 149 days of farm-	
•	•	work: Distribution by racial/ethnic groups and	
4		selected characteristics, 1981	28
j		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	. 5	·Hired farmworkers who did ·150 or more days of faru-	•
	•	work: Distribution by racial/ethnic groups and	
•		selected characteristics, 1981	` 30
	*	• /	
• •	6	All hired farmworkers: Days of farmwork by selected	
		characteristics, 1981	32
			٠.
*	7	All hired farmworkers: Demographic characteristics	
•	•	by average number of days worked and earnings,	
		1981	34
•	<b>*</b> .		
-	. * 8	All hired farmworkers: Employment characteristics	1.
	-	by average number of days worked, and earnings,	•
-	•	1981	35
•	9	All hired farmworkers: Regions and racial/ethnic.	
		groups by average number of days worked and earn-	
		Ings. 1981	26

4.

APPENDIX	TAB	LES
CONTINUED		

_	Page 1	Page
10	Hired farmworkers who did farmwork and nonfarm- work: Demographic characteristics by average number of days worked and earnings, 1981	37
11	Hired farmworkers who did farmwork and nonfarm- work: Employment characteristics by average number of days worked and earnings, 1981	. 38
12	Hired farmworkers who did farmwork and nonfarm- work: Regions and racial/ethnic groups by aver- age number of days worked and earnings, 1981	39.
13	All hired farmworkers: Percentage distribution of daily farm earnings by selected characteristics and regions, 1981	∳0
14	All hired farmworkers: Percentage distribution of total annual earnings by selected character- istics and regions, 1981	42
15	All hired farmworkers: Percentage distribution of annual farm earnings by selected characteristics and regions, 1981	; 44
16	Hired farmworkers who did farmwork and nonfarm-work: Percentage distribution of annual nonfarm earnings by selected characteristics and regions, 1981	1-4-6
17	Hired farmworker estimates: A comparison using 1970 and 1980 census weights, 1981	, 48
18	Standard errors for estimated numbers of hired farmworkers	۳. 52
19	Standard errors of percentages of hired farm- workers	, 53
20	Standard errors of average number of days of hired farmwork	. 54
2ļ.	Standard errors/of average annual earnings from hired farmwork	54
22	Standard errors of average daily earnings from	



HIGHLIGHTS

In 1981, approximately 2.5 million persons 14 years of age and over did hired farmwork, according to the recent Hired Farm Working Force Survey. Most of the workers were less than 25 years old (55 percent), white (73 percent), and male (77 percent). Hispanics made up 13 percent of the work force and blacks and others made up 14 percent. The median level of education for hired farmworkers was 11 years. Eighty-four percent lived at nonfarm residences.

All workers averaged 98 days of farmwork. Nearly three— a quarters of farmworkers worked fewer than 150 days at farmwork. Regular and year-round workers made up only one-quarter of the work force but accounted for 73 percent of total days worked.

In 1981, hired farmworkers earned an average of \$4,299 from both farmwork and nonfarmwork. Only \$2,659 of this average was earned from farmwork.

Forty percent of the farmworkers were in the South at the time of the December 1981 survey. Twenty-eight percent of the workers were in the North-Central Region, followed by 24 percent in the West. Only 8 percent of the farmworkers were in the Northeast.

Only about 5 percent of the hired farmworkers (115,000) were migrant laborers in 1981, a decline from the percentage in recent years. Seventy-five percent of the migrants were white, 17 percent were Hispanic, and 8 percent were black and other. Over half of all migrants (53 percent) worked fewer than 75 days at farmwork. Migrants earned an annual average of \$3,995, and farmwork accounted for \$2,728 of that amounts.

Half of the farmworkers were not in the labor force for most of the year. Those who were primarily hired farmworkers made up 28 percent of the hired farm working force. Those who were primarily nonfarmworkers made up 17 percent and had the highest average annual earnings (\$8,341) in 1981. Hispanics earned twice as much from farmwork (\$4,319) as did blacks and others (\$2,668) and whites (\$2,359).

Over the past 10 years, the number of farmworkers between the ages of 18 and 44 increased, and the number of younger workers 14 through 17 decreased. The number of days spent at farmwork increased from an average of 198 million worker-days in 1969-71 to 257 million in 1979-81.

# The Hired Farm Working Force of 1981

Susan L. Pollack William R. Jackson Jr.

INTRODUCTION

in 1981. According to the 1981 Hired Farm Working Force Survey, this was not significantly different from estimates in any year since 1968, when there warn a manning of the significant states. 1968, there since 1968, when there were 2.5 million hired farmworkers had been a long-term downward trend (table 1). cash wages 유

of migrant labor included adoption of new technologies, changes decline t6 115,000 from 217,000 only 200,000 and remained at that level until 1981. 1981 the number of migrant farmworkers decrease 1970, the number of migrant workers stabilized in farm size, and new farm and farmworker programs. Through the 1960's, (table 2). the migrant work force experienced a steady Factors contributing to the decreased use two years before. decreased by 47 at around However, in Since percen

địd not in several States where migrants worked, as well as administraof labor migrant demand. did not acres changing 1981 are Keasons data from Federal agencies servicing migrant farmworkers, an planted, for the decline in the number of migrants from 4979 to workers. generally support the idea of a diminishing need provide conclusive evidence required for various commodities in different regions production levels and agricultural practices. migrant labor in agriculture has declined because o not clear. Also, information gathered from farm labor examination of various acres harvested, value of production, One possible explanation is that the deproduction data, including to support decreased labor researchers and hours

agriculture are the survey data. would appear as a decrease in the number creased substitution of illegal enumerators due to their workers. Another explanation for the decrease this premise increasingly substituting illegal aliens for domestic farm-kers. The Hired Farm Working Force Survey probably enumer-s few illegal workers, either because they have returned before the time of the survey or because they avoid survey nót available Data on the number of illegal workers in Allegal status. ç workera aliow a may be that for of migrant Therefore, domestic examination farm operators workers in an inlaborers

Table 1-Hired farmworkers, by duration of farmwork, 1950-81

	<u> </u>	<u> </u>				. شمور
74	· · }	Days	of hired	farmwork durin	g the year	ξ <u>i</u> /+
, Year	Cotal	Fewer-than	<b>':</b> •	; ":	150	250
	: 1	25	25 to 7	4 : 75 to 149 ;	to 249	or more
- 15	:	:	* ,	:	, 09,247	or more
٠.	<b>:</b>	<b>*</b> * * *	Thousands		•	٠,
1950	. 4342	<b></b>		,		:
1951	4,342 3,274	1,118	925	379	301	551
1952·	2,980	1,008	928	379	296	424
1953 2/	: 24.500	<b>1,000</b>	•	. 324	, 230	727
1954	: '3,009	1,101 -	756	318	364 •	. ₹ 470
.,,,,	: ;	.,	, ,,,,	,	1 , 204	. 4,0
1955 2/	:			•		(m. t
1956	: , 3,575	1,497	920 -	. 410	305	443
1957	3,962	1,762	1,044	501	256	399
_	4,212	, 1,893			\	
. 1959	: 3,577	1,412	863ع -	502 .	√ 348	· 452
	•				•	• •
1960	ند 3,693 نم	1,531	868	465 <sub>× °</sub>	∖ 390	438
1961.	: 3,488	1 <del>3</del> 600	849	354	281	404
1962	: 3,622	1,555 -	. 933	408	√284	·442
1963	3,597	1,735	771	392	309	390
1964	3,370	` <sub>2</sub> 1,369	924	413	326	338
1045	:	, , , , ,	, , ,,,,,	,	100	
1965	3,128	1,264	807	397	282	379
1966	2,763	1,130	/ 717	339	• 211 /	367
1967	3,078	1,338 1,299	738 731	· 327	277	397
· 1968 '	: 2,919 : 2,571	1,106	718	308 258	256 189	` 324.∜
. 1303	2,3/1	1,100	, /10	236	. 109	301
1970	2,488	1,093.	623	293	/172	306
1971	: 2,550	1,191	648.	213	213	285 : `
1972	: 2,809	1,130	663	361	288	367
1973	2,671	1,085	567	351	247	421-
. 1974	: 2,737	1, 169	619	308	274	367
	1.5	1				Þ
1975 🐧	2,638	1,180	556	´ 319	. 228	٠355 ·
1976	2,767	1,145	• 652	347	- 290	333
1977	: .2,730	1,056	667	322	295	• 391
1978 2/	:			1, .		
1979 " `~	: 2,652	898	672	/ 323°	335	, 423
•		. •	,			Tage 18
· 1980, <u>2</u> /	<b>.</b>	•	/		**-	
\ 1981'	2,492	969	538	- 110−(	281 .	. 394
	<u>.                                      </u>		· * /		<del></del> _	

<sup>-- =</sup> not available.

1/ Data are rounded to nearest thousand and may not add to total.

2/ No survey conducted.

Table 2-Migrant farmworkers, by duration of farmwork, 1960-81

				• 1						,	P	<u>.                                    </u>
4	• •		,*			Days of	farmwork	during	the y	ear <u>1/</u>		L
	Year	:	Tota	آغ ما ا	Fewer	than *	٠.	:		^-	-150 and	
٠	. •	•:		•	2:	5 ;	25 .to-74	: 75	tò 14:	9 🕻 .	over	
		:	- '	<u> </u>		<u>:</u>		, :		<u>.:</u>	*	! :
		. :		٠. س	11 18			•	. '			
	•	. :		•	•		Thousands	3				·.
	1000		600					:	0.7	٠,		
•.	1960	• :	409	,	, 92		/ 122		84		111	
	1961		395	•	. 99 . 92 ·	9.	131 133	,	80	-1 •	785 73'	•
	1962	•	380 386						83 111			
<b>w</b> '	1963.		386		/ 108. 114	·	89 102	•	111	~· ,	, 78 .	
	. 1964		200	1	. 114 .	60-	.,102	•	88 ' `		82	
	1965	- :	466		165	• •	`114	<i>i</i> .	92		94	
	1966	•	351	•	165 76	*	. 114		.73 ·		87	
	1967	•	رد. 276 ° بار	*		; ·	81		./3 . 56	•	. 57	`
	1968	•	279		. 81 . 103	•	85		39	. <u> </u>	52	
	1969.	:	257	_	85	•	84	•	46.	,	41/	•
	0 a	:	۱۲٫۶	~	٠,	8			, 40 ·	Ţ	\ <b>71</b>	• :
	1970		196		. 61.	<i>-</i>	. 59	. [1	31 .		45	
,	1971	• • •	172	•	5,5	/.	57.	بر	35	<b>{</b> •	24	`
•	1972	,	184		46 1	/	55		35		48	
•	1973		203		57	' / ' '	· -57		.37.		/52	-
7	1974	:	209	1	68		63.	•	35	-	/43	
		:				1 .			•	'	1 .	
ł	1975	:	188	-	45		74		21 -		/ 48	
	1976	:	213		66	• [ .	60	-	53	,	34	
	1977	4 :	. 191		39	1 3:	73		35	1	44	
	1978 2	2/ :	, A		• -				•	/	,	• 😘
	1979	<u>.</u> :	217	•	56		80		3,3	J	48	
	,	•:			•	•	* <b>*</b>	•	<i>'</i> -	,	, , ,	_
	1980 2	2/ :		. ' _			,		į .	1.	-	
	1981 ~	- ;	. 115	· 🐔	' 24	₹ .	37 +		12		43	
	`,· •	•		_	*	, ,	1		:/	Ø	- ` '	, •
	•	٠.				•	1		1		,	

<sup>1/</sup> Data are rounded to nearest thousand and may not add to total.
2/ No survey conducted.

Finally, because the migrant data are derived from a survey, there is the possibility of an estimation error or an increased nonsampling error associated with survey procedures (see appendix II). Additional evidence from the 1983 Hired Farm Working Force Survey is required to evaluate more closely the observed decrease in numbers of migrant farmworkers.

This report presents data on the demographic, social, and economic characteristics of persons 14 years of age and over who

migratory, group's of farmworkers. It also summarizes some of the more important changes and trends over the past decade in the size, composition, and employment patterns of hired farm focuses on the characteristics of racial/ethnic, regional, did hired farmwork for at least 1 day during 1981.

Service by the Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce. The survey sample of households includes each State and the District of Columbia, but excludes Puerto Rico and total hired farm working force population. sample of households was expanded to provide estimates of did hired farmwork in 1981. 58,000 households were other U.S. territories and possessions. In 1981, approximately Household Survey conducted for the USDA's Economic Data in this report are from the Hired Farm Working Force interviewed; 1,555 contained persons Information obtained from this Research' 3

weights from the 1970 Census or rector 1979 were based on weights from the 1970 Census or 1980 weights tion. The switchover from 1970 census weights to 1980 weights tion. The switchover from 1970 census weights to 1980 weights tion. The switchover from 1970 census weights to 1980 weights tion. The switchover from 1970 census weights to 1980 weights tion. ple, using the 1970 census weights, the 1981 total hired farmwork and migrant population estimates are 2,423,000 and 112,000, respectively. The estimates based on the 1980 census weights are 2,492,000 hired farmworkers and 115,000 migrants. based on 1970 and 1980 weights are not significant. For exaple, using the 1970 concus entails The 1981 hired farm working force estimates are based on Additional from the 1980 Census of Population. Estimates for 19 were based on weights from the 1970 Census of Populacomparisons are presented in appendix table Estimates for 1972

the source and reliability of the survey estimates is provided at the 95-percent confidence level higher unless otherwise indicated. sarily survey, and standard errors can be derived for the estimates. Statements of comparison appearing in the text but not neces-The Current Population Survey (CPS) is a the appendix. in the tables or figures are based on data significant Additional information on probability sample

Hired farmworker characteristics were South and North Central Regions, 1981, most hired farmworkers were white, resided in the and did not live on farms. 25 follows:

TRAITS

HIRED FARMWORKER

-73 percent were white, percent were black and 13 percent were other. Hispanic, and 14

Population Survey. biennially in December as a supplement to the Current

Aug. 1981, ducted ing Force of 1979, Since 1977, the Hired Farm Working Force Survey has been confor earlier years are available and previous AER-473, Econ. Res. Serv., U.S. issues. Hired Farm Work-Dept. Agr.

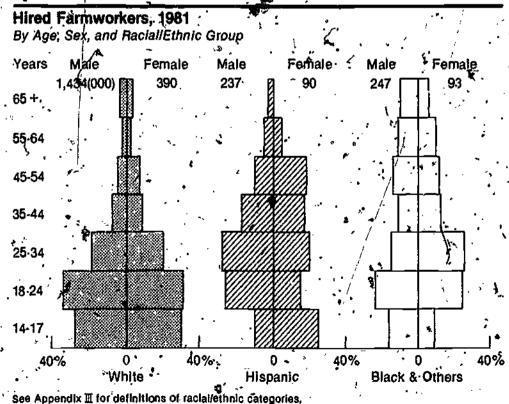
- --40 percent who were 25 years of age and over did not continue schooling past the eighth grade.
- -5 percent were migrants.
- -- The median age was 23.9 years.
- --84 percent did not live on farms at the time of the survey.
- --40 percent resided in the South, and 28 percent resided in the North-Central Region.

Fifty-five percent of all hired farmworkers were under the age of 23, and 77 percent were male. Twenty percent of the workers were 35 to 64 years old, and another 20 percent were between 25 and 34 years old.

White farmworkers were generally younger than minority workers. The median age for whites was 22.6 years, compared with 31.7 years for blacks and others and 29.9 years for Hispanics. Sixty-one percent of all whites were under 25 years old (fig. 1). Most minority farmworkers, on the other hand, were 25 years old and over. Male and female workers were about the same age within each racial/ethnic group. The large proportion of minority farmworkers in the higher age groups suggests these

### Flgűré 1

ge and Sex



workers have a strong attachment to farmwork. By contrast, most whites appear to use farmwork as a starting job or for supplemental income, and find nonfarm alternatives later.

### Household Status and Family Size

Farmworkers of all racial/ethnic groups were more likely to be household members than heads of households. However, heads of households were more likely to be employed for more days during the year than were other members of a household. Heads of households made up 6/ percent of all farmworkers employed for 150 days or more during the year. This proportion was approximately the same for whites, Hispanics, and blacks and others. Only one third of the workers who worked fewer than 150 days were household heads.

The common perception that farmworkers are members of large families is not supported by the 1981 data. Almost half of the farmworkers' families had three or fewer immediate members (table 3). Minority farmworkers' families were more likely to be larger than were white families; 29 percent of the Hispanic farmworkers and 28 percent of blocks and others came from families with at least six people. Only 13 percent of whites came from families of this size.

Families headed by a farmworker were smaller than those headed by a nonfarmworker. Sixty one percent of the families headed by a farmworker had three or fewer members, compared with only 30 percent of the families headed by a nonfarmworker.

Large farmworker families had higher income levels more often than did small families. Of the farmworker families with incomes of at least \$15,000, 42 percent had five or more members, compared with 3 percent with one member and 11 percent with two members. Larger families had higher incomes, probably due to higher paying nonfarm jobs of family heads supplemented by income from other family members doing farmwork. Thus, these families were less dependent on farm earnings for their major source of income. Conversely, smaller families had lover incomes, probably because of greater dependence on farm earnings for their major source of income.

In 1981, hired farmworkers had a median education of 11 years. Forty percent of the workers had completed at least high school, compared with 29 percent who had completed less than 9 years (table 4). The large number of students doing farmwork during their school breaks contributed to the proportion of workers completing 9 or more years of school. About half of the students had completed from 9 to 11 years of school.

The education levels, however, varied by racial/ethnic groups. Hispanic farmworkers had the lowest education level with a median of 7.1 years, while blacks and others had a median of 9.6 years. White farmworkers, on the other hand, had a median a

g Bducation

Pamilies are defined to include only those members of a shousehold who are related to the head of household.

Table 3--Farmworker families, by selected characteristics and size of family, 1981

Selected	Farmworker									
characteristics	families 1/:	ļ	2	3	4 1	5 :	6 or more			
/	Thousands			<u>Per</u>	<u>cent</u>		,			
Headed by farmworkers:	1,018	22	22	17	18 '*	10	រៃ			
Headed by nonfarmworkers	1,020	4	. 8	. 18	26	23	21 '			
: ::Racial/ethnic groups					,					
White : :	1,624	13	15	19	24	16	` 13			
Black and other :	234	23	· 17	12	8	1-2	- 28			
Hispanic :	181	5	- 14	14	17	21	<sup>-</sup> 29			
Migratory status:	•	•	•							
Migrants /:	92	18	10	12	<b>∠17</b> .	24	18			
Nonmigrants :	1,947	13	~ 15	18	22 -	16	16			
Family income:	•	?	· · · · · ·		#					
Less than \$5,000	326	35	18	18	13	7	· 9			
\$5,000 - 7,498 ::	215	24	13	18	16	10	18			
\$7,500 - 9,999 :	• \ 199	15	18	23	18/	16	10			
\$10,000 - 14,999 :	√ 366	11	19	16	23	15	17			
\$15,000 - 24,999 :	481	6	14	15	• 24	22	19 4			
\$25,000 and over	374	ō	7	18	31	23	20			
: Families for which	\ \		:	*		1	,			
income data are not : available :	7/7	9	18	25	25	12	13			
	\		0	•			_			
All farmworker : families 2/	2,039	13	. 15	į8	22	16 .	16			
· //		•								

<sup>1/</sup> Includes only those members related to the head of household. 2/ Numbers and percentages may not add to totals due to rounding.

of 11.7 years of schooling. Only 14 percent of Hispanics and 25 percent of blacks and others completed 12 years or more of schooling.

Forty-five percent of the farmworkers 25 years of age and over were high school graduates. However, about the same amount (40 ; percent) had completed less than ninth grade.

Table 4--Years of school completed by hired farmworkers, by racial/ethnic groups, 1981 1/

Education	Unit	Whites	Hispanics	Blacks and others	Total
Number of workers	: Thousands	1,824	328	340	2,492
Years of school-	:	: · :			
ing completed:	:	:	•	• ,	
0 - 4	: Percent	: 2	29 -	16	7
.5 – 8 💉	: do.	: 18	41	. 29	22
9 - 11 .	: do.	: 34	16	/ 30	31 .
12 / *	: do.	29	10	/ 19	26
13 or more	do.	: 17	4	/ 6	14
<i>'</i> •	:	:	• *	<i>,</i> .	•
. Total	: do. '	: 100	100	100	100 - •
•	: '8	:			
Median	: Years	: 11.7	. 7.1	9.6	11.0
Number of workers	•				•
25 years and /	•				
older	: Thousands	: 709	206	212	1,126
,	:	. ,,,	200		
Years of school-	:	:			6
ing completed:	:	:	\$	•	
0 → 4	: Percent	: 4	37	- 25	<b>/</b> 14
5 - 8	.: do.	: 19	44	34	26
9 - 11	do.	: 16	. 6	19	15
12 '	: do.	: 37	9	13	/ 27
13 or more	: do.	24	4	, <del>9</del>	V 18
M 1		. 100	100	·	/ 100
Total	: do.	: 100	100	100	100
		<del>-</del>			1. 7

<sup>1/</sup> Numbers and percentages may not add to totals due to rounding.

EMPLOYMENT AND EARNINGS

The average annual earnings of farmworkers in 1981 for both farmwork and nonfarmwork was \$4,299. Farmwork earnings are among the lowest of all occupations in the United States, although there are significant differences among farmworker groups. In 1981, the average annual earnings for all U.S. nonagricultural private sector production workers was \$13,270, more than three times the earnings of farmworkers.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Based on average weekly earnings, Employment and Earnings, U.S. Dept. Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, January 1983.

Hispanic farmworkers earned \$5,340, the highest snnual farm and nonfarm earnings of all racial/ethnic groups, followed by whites who earned \$4,288, and blacks and others who earned \$3,358. While farmwork accounted for about 80 percent of the earnings of Hispanic and black and other farmworkers, it accounted for only about one-half the earnings of whites. Farmworker earnings of Hispanics were \$4,319, almost twice the farmwork earnings of blacks and others, \$2,668, and whites, \$2,359. Males earned almost twice as much as females from farmwork and nonfarmwork, \$4,829 versus \$2,526; heads of households earned more than 2.5 times as much as other household members, \$6,876 versus \$2,434.

### Days Worked

Farmworkers worked an average of 98 days at farmwork in 1981. Those who did only hired farmwork averaged about 129 days, and those who did both farmwork and nonfarmwork averaged 53 days of farmwork and 125 days of nonfarmwork. Earnings by days worked were as follows:

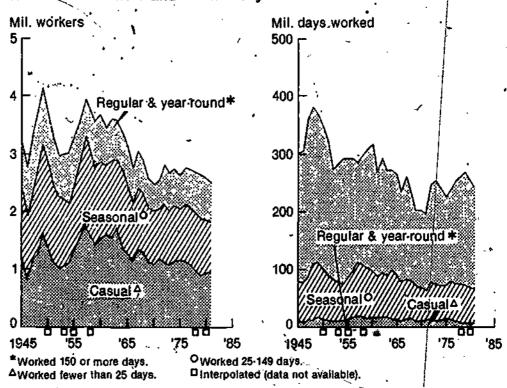
- -Casual workers, who worked fewer than 25 days at farm-work, made up 39 percent of the farm work force and earned \$2,756 annually, \$216 of which was from farm-work.
- --Seasonal workers who worked 25 to 74 days at farmwork made up 22 percent of the work force a dearned \$2,799 annually, \$1,126 of which was from farmwork. Those who worked 75 to 149 days, 12 percent of all farmworkers, earned \$2,650 annually from farmwork and \$1,431 from nonfarmwork, for total annual earnings of \$4,081.
- --Eleven percent of the farm work force worked 150 to 249 days at farmwork. These workers, classified as regular workers, earned \$6,669 annually, of which \$5,908 was from farmwork.
- --Year-round workers, those working 250 days or more at farmwork, made up 16 percent of the hired farm work force. Their total average annual earnings were \$8,632, with \$8,461 from farmwork.

Casual and seasonal workers made up 73 percent of all workers but accounted for only 27 percent of the worker-days at hired farmwork (fig. 2). Regular and year-round workers made up about 25 percent of the work force but accounted for almost 75 percent of the worker-days.

The number of days spent at farmwork varied by racial/ethnic group. White and black and other farmworkers spent fewer days

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> A person completing at least 1 hour of farmwork during the day is credited with a worker-day of work.

### Hired Farmworkers and Worker-Days



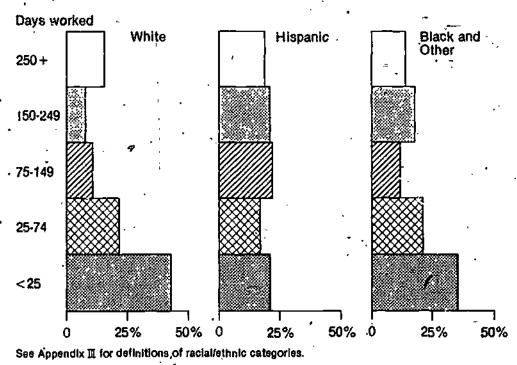
in the year doing farmwork than Hispanics (fig. 3). Whites did farmwork for an average of 91 days in 1981; blacks and others averaged 104 days of farmwork; and Hispanics averaged 131 days. Forty-three percent of the whites and 35 percent of the blacks and others worked fewer than 25 days at farmwork, compared with 21 percent of the Hispanics (the differences in number of days worked between blacks and others and Hispanics are significant at the 90-percent confidence level). Additional differences regarding days of farmwork are:

- r-Female farmworkers were more likely than males to be casual workers. Over half (54 percent) of all female farmworkers did fewer than 25 days of farmwork, compared with 34 percent of the males. Conversely, only 9 percent of the females and 32 percent of the males worked 150 days or more.
- --Nonmigrants were twice as likely as migrants to be casual workers.
- --Farmworkers in Standard Federal Region IX, the Lower Pacific Coast States, were more likely to be regular and year-round workers than workers in other regions. Forty-three percent of the workers in Region IX worked 150 days or more.



### Hired Farmworkers, 1981

By Days of Farmwork and Racial/Ethnic Groups



### Primary Employment Status

The hired farm working force is comprised mostly of people whose primary activity is not hired farmwork (table 5). Only 28 percent of the Hired Farm Working Force Survey respondents listed hired farmwork as their major activity, while nearly 50 percent of the workers were not in the labor force most of the year. The majority of this latter group were students who worked dueing school breaks.

The type of employment at which farmworkers spend most of their time affects their annual earnings. Hired farmworkers whose primary employment was in the nonfarm sector had the highest earnings. In 1981, they earned an annual average of \$8,341, of which only \$949 came from farmwork. Workers whose primary employment was hired far work earned an annual average of \$7,258, with \$6,981 from farmwork. Those workers who were only casual labor force participants, including students and housewives, had the lowest average annual earnings.

There were significant differences in the primary employment status among the racial/ethnic groups. Approximately 40 percent of white farmworkers were attending school, compared with 12 percent of the Hispsnics and 24 percent of blacks and others (fig. 4). (The difference in the percentage attending school most of the year between blacks and others and Hispanics is significant at the 90-percent confidence level.) Minority



Table 5--Hired farmworkers: Average annual earnings by primary employment status, 1981 1/

Park a sum	: :		A11 'f	armworkers	: ئىر	Farmwort	k only	Both farm	Both farmwork and nonfarmwork		
Primary émployment	Workers		Total			Annua1	: Workers	Total \	Annual		
status <u>2</u> /*	Nu	mber i D	lstribution	— ànnual earnings	farm earnings	Workers	farm earnings	. WORKERS	earnings	farm earnings	
	: : <u>Th</u>	ousands	Percent	<u>Do</u> 1	lars	Thousands	Dollars	Thousands	Dollar	s	
In labor force	: :	1,303	52	6,962	4,290	712	6,347	591	7,695	1,802	
Hired farmwork	:	706	28	7,258	6,981	601	7,172	105	7,749	5,882	
Other farmwork3/	:	90	4	2,494	1,725	70	1,825	20	4/	1 4/	
Nonfarmwork	:	420	17	8,341	949			420	8,3 <del>4</del> 1	949	
Unemployed	:	86	3*	2,550	1,242	41	<u>4</u> /	46	4/	<u>4</u> /	
Not in labor	•	• •							• •	' . "	
force	• •	1,189	48	1,378	872	766	961	423 .	2,132	711	
Keeping house	:	199	~ 8	1,182	866	154	913	45	4/	4/	
Attending.	:		• '	1				•	•	<i></i>	
-school	:	858 .	34	1,307	809	516	. 894	342	1,932,	682	
Other ,	:	132	` 5	2,127	1,286	96	1,396	36 '	4/	1 / 4/	
All hired	:		•		•					1	
farmworkers	<b>:</b>	2,492	100	4,299	2,659	1,478	4 3,557	1,014	5,381	,350	
Migrants	; ;	115	· <b>5</b>	3,995	2,728	83	3,080	<sub>a</sub> 32	<u>4</u> /	/- <u>4</u> /2	
_	:							-		1	

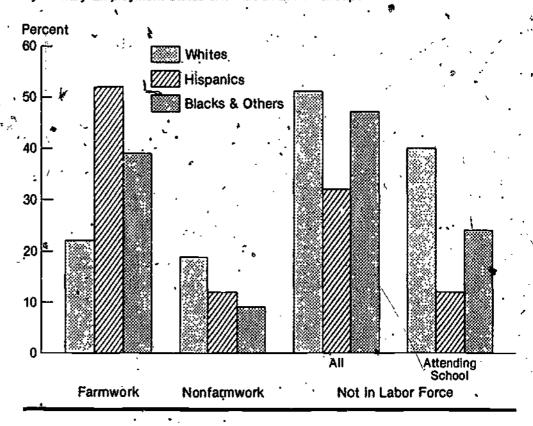
<sup>-- =</sup> not applicable.

<sup>1/</sup> Numbers and percentages may not add to totals due to rounding.

<sup>2/</sup> Refers to respondent's chief activity during the year. See appendix for definitions:
3/ Includes operating a farm and unpaid family labor.
4/ Averages not shown where base is fewer than 50,000 workers.

### Hired Farmworkers, 1981

By Primary Employment Status and Racial/Ethnic Groups

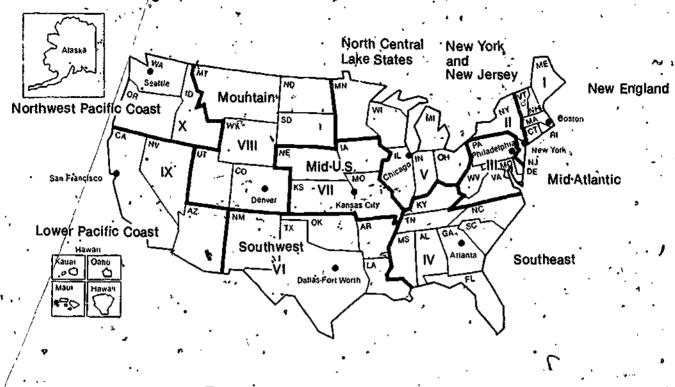


farmworkers cited hired farmwork as their principal activity more often than whites. Just over half of the Hispanics and 39 percent of the blacks and others said that hired farmwork was their major activity, compared with only 22 percent of white farmworkers. The majority of Hispanic and black and other farmworkers (79 and 75 percent, respectively) said that hired farmwork was their only employment during the year. Only 53 percent of white farmworkers cited hired farmwork as their only employment.

REGIONAL DISTRIBU-

The number and characteristics of hired farmworkers varied throughout the 10 Standard Federal Regions (SFR) (fig. 5). The demand for workers usually varied by type of crop and livestock activity, the length of the growing and harvesting seasons in the region, the extent of mechanization, and the scale of production. About 23 percent of all hired farmworkers were located in the Southeast (SFR·IV) at the time of the December survey. The next largest concentration was in the North Central Lake States (SFR V) and the Southwest (SFR VI), where each had 15 percent of all workers. The Lower Pacific Coast (SFR IX) had 13 percent; and the Mid-United States (SFR VII) had 11 percent (table 6).

### Standard Federal Regions



### Racial/Ethnic Groups

The racial/ethnic composition of the hired farm working force also differed among the Standard Federal Regions. White farmworkers outnumbered minority farmworkers in all the Standard Federal Regions, except the Lower Pacific Coast, where the work force was made up of 49 percent Hispanic workers, 34 percent white, and 16 percent black and other. Hispanics also made up a larger percentage than blacks and others in the Southwest (SFR VI). Blacks and others, however, made up a significantly larger proportion of the farm work force than Hispanics in the Southeast (SFR IV), where 35 percent were blacks and others and 3 percent Hispanics. In the Mid-Aclantic Region (SFR III), 11 percent were blacks and others and less than 1 percent were Hispanics.

# Crop and Livestock Activity

In 1981, 20 percent of all hired farmworkers were employed in grain production, more than the percentage for any other single commodity (table 7). Over 20 percent of the farmworkers were primarily involved in the production of vegetables and fruits and nuts; and another 20 percent worked in livestock and dairy activities.

Employment in crop and livestock activities varied by racial/ ethnic group. Whites and blacks and others were more often employed in field crop production than were Hispanics. About 52 percent of white farmworkers and 58 percent of black and



2i

Table 6-Number and distribution of hired farmworkers, by racial/ethnic groups and Standard Federal Regions, 1981 1/

				All hired	farmworker	.:s .	, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
Standard :	-	Total	L			bution of . hnic groups	•
	Num	ber :	Portign	White	Hispanic	Black and	other
	Thous	ands		<u>P</u>	ercent		
• I-New England	· · · 60		2	100	<u>2/</u> ;	2/°	
II-New York and	, , , , , <sub>, , , ,</sub>				` .	·. –	
New Jersey	101	, ,	4	86	. 6	. 8	100
III-Mid-Atlantic	119		5	89	· <u>2</u> /	11	
IV-Southeast	567	٠,	. <b>2</b> 3	61	.3	35 .	•
V-North Central					1	<u>,</u>	
🗎 🐪 Lake States. 🦠	380		, 15	99	/ <b>1</b>	2/	. 1
VI-Southwest	384		15	, 60	; 2,7	$\frac{27}{14}$	•
VII-Mid-United ,	:			•	1 .	,	. •
States	7 2 6 9	•	11.	96	/ 2	2	`-
VIII-Mountain	107	_	-	- 92	/ 5 ***	4 .	,
IX-Lower Pacific	•		- 1	7.	Ì,		
Coast	334		13	34	1∥49.	• 16	
X-Northwest		•			,//		•
Pacific Coast:	: 172		7	<b>. 8</b> 6	*// 13	1	
United States			100	73 *	13	14	,

<sup>1/</sup> Numbers and percentages may not add to totals due to rounding.

 $\overline{2}$ / Less than 0.5 percent.

other farmworkers worked in field crop production, compared with 31 percent of the Hispanic farmworkers. Hispanics, on the other hand, were primarily involved in the production of vegetables and fruits and nuts

**MIGRANTS** 

The number of migrant farmworkers in 1981 was significantly below the number in 1979. In 1981, only 115,000 workers reported that they did migrant work, compared with 217,000 in 1979. The 1981 estimate of migrant workers should be interpreted cautiously because it is based on a relatively small number of cases and the applicable standard errors may not fully reflect the extent of sampling and nonsampling errors. The estimate of 115,000 has a 95-percent confidence interval of 73,000 to 157,000 workers, compared with 159,000 to 275,000 workers for the 1979 estimate of 217,000 migrant farmworkers. Because of the low statistical reliability associated with the small estimate of migrant workers, some categories of data that have been published in previous issues of The Hired Farm Working Force are not presented for 1981.

Table 7-Number and distribution of hired farmworkers, by crop and livestock activity and racial/ethnic grnups, 1981

Type of crop or	Whites	Hispanics	Blacks and others	Total 2/ = *
livestock activity 1/.	Number Distribu	ion Number Distribution	Number Distribution	Number Distribution
. ,	: Thousands Percen	· /: (**)	Thousands Percent	Thousands Percent
Grain	. 444 24.	-14 4	30, 9	488 20.
Cotton	: 34 .2	44 - 14	36 11	115 1 5
Tobacco	: 183 10	4 1	90 27	277
Other field crops	: 284 , 16 -	. 38 12	36 11	358 . 14
Vegetables	: 143 8	108 33	55 16	307 12
Fruit and tree nuts	: : 147 <sub>2</sub> 8	78 • 24	47 ø 14 '.	272 11
Beef cattle	145 8	11 3	20 6	176 7-
Dairy	: 161/ 9	5 2 *	1 1	169 . 7
Other livestock	: 116 6	• 6 . 2	1) 5 - 1 A	· • 127 5
Nursery	: 52 3	13 4	10 3	75 3
Other	115 - 6	6 , 2	6 2	128 5
Total	1,824 100 -	328 . 100	340 100	2,492 100

<sup>1/</sup> A worker was assigned to the crop or livestock activity for which he or she worked the greatest number of days during the year.

<sup>21</sup> Numbers and percentages may not add to totals due to rounding.

Migrant workers are defined as those individuals who travel across county or State boundaries and stay overnight to do farmwork for cash wages or salary. In 1981, migrants made up 5 percent of all farmworkers, and they were mostly white males, under 25 years of age, who spent most of the year out of the labor force as students (tables 8 and 9). Over half the migrants worked fewer than 75 days in the year at farmwork.

Migrant farmworkers earned an annual average of \$3,995 in 1981 from farmwork and nonfarmwork, about 68 percent of which came from farmwork. Thirty-seven percent of the migrants did hired farmwork as their primary occupation in 1981. Another 50 percent were not in the labor force; that is, they either attended school, kept house, or were retired or disabled. Migrant farmworkers who headed households made up 38 percent of all migrants.

About 40 percent of all migrants had completed high school, and about 40 percent of these graduates had some college education. However, some migrants had relatively low levels of education. Thirty-four percent had less than a ninth grade education and 7 percent were classified as functionally illiterate, having attended fewer than five years of school. These percentages were similar for migrant workers 25 years of age and over.

The backgrounds of migrant and nonmigrant farmworkers did not differ significantly (tables 8 and 9). Migrant workers were very similar to the rest of the hired farm working force in that both were made up predominantly of young malea who spent only a small portion of their time at farmwork, probably to supplement other sources of income. The average annual earnings from farmwork and nonfarmwork for migrants and nonmigrants were \$3,995 and \$4,314, respectively. These earning levels were not significantly different, nor was there a significant difference between their annual average farm earnings.

Over the past 10 years, some characteristics of hired farmworkers have changed, although the number of workers has remained relatively stable (table 10). Whites made up a larger proportion of workers during the 1979-81 period than they did during the 1969-71 period. The number of black and other workers has declined by almost 38 percent during that time. Comparable data on Hispanic farmworkers are not available for both periods. Prior to 1975, data for Hiapanic workers were included in either white or black and other categories based on the individual's race.

The ages of workers also changed. Fewer young people (ages 14 to 17 years) apparently entered hired farmwork. However, the number of workers 18 to 34 years of age increased, posaibly indicating that workers stay in farmwork longer and depend more on their farm earnings. The number of workers 45 years of age and over decreased (table 10). These workers may have left farmwork either for nonfarm employment or early retirement.

TRENDS

Table 8--Migrant and nonmigrant farmworkers, by demographic characteristics, 1981

Demographic characteristics	Т н	3 1	<u> </u>	79 .69	
Thousands	Demographic	, MI	grant	Nonmig	rant ,
Thousands   Fercent   Thousands   Percent	characteristics	Number	Distribution	Number	Distribution
Racial/ethnic groups: Wittes : 88		Thousands	Percent		Percent
Racial/ethnic groups: Whites : 88	**				and the second
Writes Hispafics Blacks and others  19 17 309 13 Blacks and others  9 8 331 14  Sex and age (years):  Male 14-17 28 29 30 574 31 25-34 11 11 11 366 20 35-44 9 9 9 170 9 45-57 15 16 112 6 55 and over 3 171 9  Female 20 100 554 100 14-17 3 22/ 18-34 35-54 8 2/ 270 49 35-54 6 2/ 105 15 16 112 6  15 16 112 6  16 112 6  17 18-34 3 2/ 18-34 3 3 17 1 9  Household status: Household members  72 63 1,374 58  Years of schooling completed by all workers: 0-4 5-8 9-11 27 23 609 26 13 and over 19 17 327 14  Census regions: Northeast North Central South West 44 38 552 23	Total 1/	<b>:</b> 115	100	2,3//	100
Writes Hispafics Blacks and others  19 17 309 13 Blacks and others  9 8 331 14  Sex and age (years):  Male 14-17 28 29 30 574 31 25-34 11 11 11 366 20 35-44 9 9 9 170 9 45-57 15 16 112 6 55 and over 3 171 9  Female 20 100 554 100 14-17 3 22/ 18-34 35-54 8 2/ 270 49 35-54 6 2/ 105 15 16 112 6  15 16 112 6  16 112 6  17 18-34 3 2/ 18-34 3 3 17 1 9  Household status: Household members  72 63 1,374 58  Years of schooling completed by all workers: 0-4 5-8 9-11 27 23 609 26 13 and over 19 17 327 14  Census regions: Northeast North Central South West 44 38 552 23	Pantal Jothnia broungs	<b>.</b>	• j	, es	
Hispanics Blacks and others  9 8 331  14  Sex and age (years):  Male 14-17 28 29 30 574 21-18-24 29 30 574 25-34 11 11 366 20 35-44 9 9 9 170 9 45-57 15 16 112 6 55 and over 13 3 171 9  Female 14-17 3 3 2/ 144 26 18-34 35-54 6 2/ 270 49 35-54 55 and over 3 3 2/ 144 26 8 2/ 270 49 55 and over 3 3 2/ 144 26 8 7 105 19 55 and over 44 38 1,003 42  West  Census regions: Northeast South Sex and age (years): 9 8 331 14  100 1823 100 110 1823 100 110 111 111 112 166 20 100 1554 100 171 9 171 182 172 173 174 1758  175 177 172 177 177 178 178 179 179 18 18 18 199 17 17 179 18 18 18 199 17 17 179 18 18 18 199 18 18 18 199 18 18 199 18 18 199 18 18 199 18 18 199 18 18 199 18 18 199 18 18 18 199 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18		9.8	75	1.726	73.32
Blacks and others : 9 8 331 14  Sex and are (years):  Male					13
Sex and age (years):       Male       96       100       1,823       100         14-17       28       29       430       24         18-24       29       30       574       31         25-34       111       11       366       20         33-44       9       9       170       9         45-5/       15       16       112       6         55 and over       3       3       171       9         Female       20       100       554       100         14-17       3       2/       144       26         18-34       8       2/       270       49         35-54       6       2/       105       19         55 and, over       3       2/       144       26         Household status:       44       38       1,003       42         Wears of schooling completed by all workers:       72       63       1,374       58         Years of schooling completed by all workers:       30       26       743       31       12       27       525       22       29       21       30       26       743       31       12 <td></td> <td>. •</td> <td>8</td> <td></td> <td>14</td>		. •	8		14
Male					1
Male	Sex and age (years):	•			1
14-17	Male 🛴	∖.: 96	100	1,823	100.
25-34 35-44 9 9 9 170 9 45-57 15 16 112 6 55 and over 3 3 171 9  Female 20 100 554 100 14-17 3 2/ 144 26 18-34 8 2/ 270 49 35-54 6 2/ 105 19 55 and over 3 2/ 35 6  Household status: Household heads Other household members 72 63 1,374 58  Years of schooling completed by all workers: 0-4 8 7 172 7 5-8 9-11 30 26 743 31 12 27 23 609 26 13 and over 19 17 327 14  Census regions: Northeast North Central South West 44 38 199 8 North Central South West 44 38 299 8  8 7 172 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8	14-17		29		
35-44 45-5/ 15 16 112 6 55 and over 3 3 171 9  Female 20 100 554 100 14-17 3 2/ 144 26 18-34 8 7/ 105 19 55 and, over 3 3 2/ 35 6  Household status: 46 ousehold heads 44 38 1,003 42  Cother household mambers 72 63 1,374 58  Vears of schooling completed by all workers: 0-4 8 7 172 7 5-8 9-11 30 26 743 31 12 27 23 609 26 13 and over  Census regions: Northeast North Central South North Central South West 44 38 7 172 7 58  8 7 172 7 58  8 7 172 7 58  8 7 172 7 58  8 7 172 7 58  8 7 172 7 58  8 7 172 7 58  8 7 172 7 58  8 7 172 7 58  8 8 7 172 7 58  9-11 9 17 327 14		. 29	• 30	, `574, 🖍	31 "
45-5/ 55 and over : 3 3 171 9  Female : 20 100 554 100 14-17 3 2/ 144 26 18-34 8 2/ 270 49 35-54 6 2/ 105 19 55 and over : 3 2/ 35 6  Household status: 44 38 1,003 42  Under thousehold members 72 63 1,374 58  Vears of schooling completed by all workers: 0-4 8 7 172 7 5-8 9-11 30 26 743 31 12 27 23 609 26 13 and over 19 17 327 14  Census regions: Northeast 5 4 199 8 North Central 24 21 664 28 South West 44 38 552 23		11,	· 11, ,		20
Female : 20 100 554 100 100 14-17		•	9		9
Female : 20 100 554 100 100 14-17			16		6
14-17 18-34 18-34 18-34 18-34 19-35-54 19-36-58 19-36-59-59-59-59-59-59-59-59-59-59-59-59-59-	55 and over	: 、3	3 , 💉	171 •	. 9
14-17 18-34 18-34 18-34 18-34 19-35-54 19-36-58 19-36-59-59-59-59-59-59-59-59-59-59-59-59-59-		: ,			
18-34 35-54 35-54 55 and, over 3  18-34 35-54 55 and, over 3  19 35  19 35 6  19 35 6  19 35 6  19 35 6  19 35 6  1005 19 35 6  1005 19 35 6  1005 19 35 6  1003 42 1003 42 1003 42 1003 42 1003 42 1003 42 1003 42 1003 42 1003 42 1003 42 1003 1003 1003 1003 1003 1003 1003 100			100		
35-54 55 and over 3			$\frac{2I}{8}$		
South   Status   St		: 8	$\frac{2l}{3l}$		
Household status:  Household heads Other household members  72 63 1,374 58  Years of schooling completed by all workers:  0-4 5-8 9-11 12 27 5-8 9-11 12 27 23 609 26 13 and over 19 17 327 14  Census regions: Northeast North Central South West  44 38 1,003 42 63 1,374 58  7 172 7 7 58 7 172 7 7 7 7 7 8 8 7 172 7 7 7 7 8 8 7 172 7 7 7 7 8 8 7 172 7 7 7 8 8 7 172 7 7 7 8 8 7 172 7 7 7 8 8 7 172 7 7 7 8 8 7 172 7 7 7 8 8 7 172 7 7 7 8 9-1 1 27 27 23 609 26 13 and over 19 17 327 14  14  199 8 8 199			$\frac{2I}{2I}$		19
Household heads	JJ and, over		<b>▶</b> ≝ .	/ /	•
Household heads Other household members  72 63 1,374 58  Years of schooling completed by all workers: 0-4 5-8 9-11 12 27 27 23 609 26 13 and over 19 17 327 14  Census regions: Northeast North Central South West 14 38 1,003 42 1,374 58 1,003 1,374 58 1,374 1,374 1,374 1,374 1,374 1,374 1,374 1,374 1,374 1,374 1,374 1,374 1,374 1,374 1,	Household status:				
Cother household members       72       63       1,374       58         Years of schooling completed by all workers:       7       172       7         0-4       8       7       172       7         5-8       31       27       525       22         9-11       30°       26       743       31         12       27       23°       609       26         13 and over       19       17       327       14         Census regions:       5       4       199       8         Northeast       5       4       199       8         North Central       24       21       664       28         South       42       37       962       40         West       44       38       552       23		: 44	38	1.003	- 42 .
Mears of schooling completed by all workers:       31       27       525       22         0-4       8       7       172       7         5-8       31       27       525       22         9-11       30°       26       743       31         12       27       23°       609       26         13 and over       19       17       327       14         Census regions:         Northeast       5       4       199       8         North Central       24       21       664       28         South       42       37       962       40         West       44       38°       552       23		•			
Years of schooling completed by all workers:       31       7       172       7         0-4       8       7       172       7         5-8       31       27       525       22         9-11       30       26       743       31         12       27       23       609       26         13 and over       19       17       327       14         Census regions:         Northeast       5       4       199       8         North Central       24       21       664       28         South       42       37       962       40         West       44       38       552       23	mėmbers'	72	63	1,374	58
completed by all       8       7       172       7         0-4       8       7       172       7         5-8       31       27       525       22         9-11       30°       26       743       31         12       27       23°       609       26         13 and over       19       17       327       14         Census regions:         Northeast       5       4       199       8         North Central       24       21       664       28         South       42       37       962       40         West       44       38       552       23	• <sup>-1</sup> · • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	, <b>:</b>		•	
workers:       0-4       8       7       172       7         5-8       31       27       525       22         9-11       30       26       743       31         12       27       23       609       26         13 and over       19       17       327       14         Census regions:         Northeast       5       4       199       8         North Central       24       21       664       28         South       42       37       962       40         West       44       38       552       23	Years of schooling	:	1	• •	
0-4	completed by all	• ,	***		•
5-8       : 31       27       525       22         9-11       : 30       26       743       31         12       : 27       23       609       26         13 and over       : 19       17       327       14         Census regions:         Northeast       : 5       4       199       8         North Central       : 24       21       664       28         South       : 42       37       962       40         West       : 44       38       552       23		;			, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
12			. 7		7
12		31			. '22 , ,
Census regions: :		: 3U \	2 <b>0</b> ,		31 34
Census regions: :			25 17		. 40
Census regions:       :       5       4       199       8         North Central       :       24       21       664       28         South       :       42       37       962       40.         West       :       44       38       552       23	13 aug over	19	• `	321	14
Northeast : 5 4 199 8 North Central : 24 21 664 28 37 962 40. West : 44 38 552 23	Census regions:	:			. , ,,,
North Central : 24 . 21 . 664 . 28 . South : 42 . 37 . 962 . 40. West : 44 . 38 . 552 . 23		5	4	199 6	
South 42 37 962 40. West 44 38 552 23			. № 21	_	28
West : 44 38 552 23		•			
		: 44			
	,	<u>* :                                   </u>			°a . ` ,

 $<sup>\</sup>frac{1}{2}$  Numbers and percentages may not add to totals due to rounding.  $\frac{2}{2}$  Percentages not shown where base is fewer than 50,000.



Table 9--Migrant and nonmigrant farmworkers, by employment and earnings characteristics, 1981

Demôgraphic :	Mig	rant	Nonmigrant *		
characteristics	Number	Distribution	Number	Distribution	
	Thousands	Percent	Thousands	Percent	
Total 1/	115	100	2,377	100	
Primary employment status: :	•	•		•	
Farmwork	43	. 37	753	. 32	
Hired farmwork	43	• 37	663·	28	
. Without nonfarmwork	38	33 %	* 564 . "	,	
With nonfarmwork :	. 5	Δ	. 100	4	
Other farmwork 2/	` <b>`</b> • 0	, ",	90	4	
Nonfarmwork .	12	` 10 ·	408	17	
Unemployed	4	3	83	3	
Not in labor force	57 '	'50 '	1,133	• 48	
Keeping house	5 -	4	1,133	. 8	
Attending school	50	43	808	34	
Other,		1 .	131	. 6	
Octie!/			131	. , ,	
Days of farmwork:		•	•		
Fewer than 25	24	21	945	40	
. 25-7.4	37	32	501	21	
75~149	. 12	" 10	299	12	
150-249	. 28	· 24	253 .	`. ii	
250 and over	15	13	379	' 16	
. , ,		20		, 20	
arm and nonfarm earnings:	•		, 1		
Less than \$500	19	. ' 17'	523	22 . '	
\$500-999	18	15	231	-10	
\$1,000-2,499	: 18	15	441	; 19 '	
\$2,500-3,999	1.3	, 11	272	11	
\$4,000-5,499	11 -	, ,	161	. 7	
\$5,500-7,499 :	19	17,	. 219	9	
\$7,500-9,999	7	6 <b>&amp;</b> ' ` `	222		
\$10,000 and over	11	9	308	13	
, 10,000 diam 0,000		7	) "		
Parm earnings:		•	*	•	
Less than \$500	28`	- 24,	943	° 40	
\$500-999	19	16	291	12	
\$1,000-2,499	23	20	. 420	, 18	
\$2,500-3,999	11	9.	175	1, 7	
\$4,000-5,499	11	9.	109	5	
_\$5,500=7,499 <sup>-</sup>	17	"15 °	145	6	
\$7,500-9,999	4 .	3	1'41	6	
\$10,000 and over	3	3	152	6	
\$10,000 and over	3	3	152	, 0	

 $<sup>\</sup>frac{1}{2}$  = not applicable.  $\frac{1}{2}$  Numbers and percentages may not add to totals due to rounding.  $\frac{1}{2}$  Includes operating a farm and unpaid family labor.

Table 10--Number of hired farmworkers, by selected characteristics, averages for 1969-71 and 1979-81

					·
	3-year	2-year	Changes, :	•	
'. 'Item	average	average 1/	1969-71:	Percentage o	f total
	· ·	·	to :	-	<u> </u>
	: 1969-71 :	1979-81 :	1979-81 :	1969-71 :	1979-81
•	The same			, Defende	9
	Thous	ands		Percent	
Total <u>2</u> /	2,536	2,527	1.2	100 ,	100
Race: 3/			, ,	• .	
`Whites	: 1,975	2,222	12.5*	78	86
Blacks and	• 1,000	2,222	12.5	-	, ,
others	561	350	· ~37.6** '	22	14,
Others	• 501	330	-3/.0	. , 22	14
Age (years):	• •	· ·	· •		
14-17	• • 849	656	-22.7**	. 33	26
,					
18-24	559	781	39.7**	22	30
25-34	: 315.	478	51.7	12	19
35-44	252	259	2.8	10	'' 10,
45-54	238	، 171	-28.2 <sub>**</sub>	' .9	7 .
55-64	200	116	42.0	,, 8	<i>,</i> 5 `
65 and over	124	111	-10.5	5 ، 5	, 4 ·
1964		h ***			٠,
Region:	:	1 6 3 2		; ·	, ,
Northeast	. 240	196	·-18.3 <sub>*</sub>	. 9,	8
North Central	609	737	21.0	. 24	29" ,
South	: F,090 ,	1,038	-4.8	'43 ・・	40
West	598	601		24	23
	:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		·	,
Days of farmwork:	•		-		7
Fewer than 25	1,-130	934	`-17.3 <sup>**</sup>	45	36
25-74	663	605 4	-8.7	26	24
75-149	255	· 317	~ `26.2	10	12
			24.3**	_	
150-249	191	308	61.3**	. 7	/ <b>12</b>
250 and over	297	409	37.7	<b>12</b>	16 ,
Migratory status:		•			
Migratory ,	208	166 '	-20.2	8	6
Nonmigratory	× 2,328 •	2,406	3.3	92	94
`		-,	•	- <u>-</u>	
Primary employ-	•	_	-		*
ment status:	<del>-</del> !	, "		,	
Nonfarmwork	376 -	458	21.8	<b>1</b> 95]	. 18
			41.4	20	29
Hired farmwork	517	731	41.4	20	47
	,		<u> </u>		

<sup>1/</sup> A-2-year average for 1979 and 1981 was used because the hired farm-working-force survey became biennial after 1977. Data for 1980 are not available.

<sup>2/</sup> Percentages and numbers may not add to totals due to rounding.

<sup>3/</sup> Hispanic data were not available for hired farmworkers for 1969-71.

<sup>\*</sup> Significant at the 90-percent confidence level.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Significant at the 95-percent confidence level.

The South still had more hired farmworkers than other regions but had not gained in relative share of workers. The only region showing a significant change was the North Central Region, where the number of workers increased by 21 percent.

Hired farmworkers are working more days a year at farmwork than they did 10 years ago, thus suggesting stronger attachments to farmwork for their primary source of earnings. While the largest proportion of workers still work fewer than 25 days at farmwork, their numbers have declined by 17 percent. The number of regular workers, however, has increased by almost two-thirds, and year-round workers have increased by over one-third. Overall, the number of worker-days increased from 198 million in the 1969-71 period to 257 million in the 1979-81 period. These increases are due in part to increased farm sizes, which require a larger hired farm work force to supplement family labor.



APPENDIX I

Appendix table I--All hired faramerkers: Distribution by racial/cthnic groups and selected characteristics, 1981.

Characteristica	:	<del></del> -		:	<del></del>
	· .		: Whites	: Hispanics	: Blacks and othe
	: 0			sands_	
l workers	; *	2,492	1,624		340
	•		,,044	. 320	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
lmary employment status: ,	•	==+	***	.=-	
Paramork Hired faramork	•	796 706	490 403	170	, I35
Without nonfaramork	:	60I	320	170   156	133 123
With nonfermotk	•	105	83	11	10
Other farmwork 1/		90	67	Ö	12
Nonfarework .		` 420 ·/	' 351 '	. 39	30
Unemployed ·	:	86 ′	60	13 ∤*	14.
Not in labor force	•	1,189	923	106	161
Keeping house Attending achool	<i>'</i> :	199 · ·	iOI , 738	- 46 j	52 81
Other	:	132	, , , 36	21	. 28
eidence and age (years):,, <	:			.	
All workers	:	2,492	1,824 ,	328	340
14-17	•	605	513	. 46	47
10-24		760	603	76	82
25-34	:	498	351	76 85 56	61,
35-44	:	236	, 142	56	38
45-54	:	180 104	. 93 51	, 41 16	46
55-64 • 65 and over		104	31 71 ,	i,	36 29
Nonfarm realdehce	:	2,083	1,479	; 296	308
14-17 /		535	449	1 490 81	45
18-24	<u>.</u>	622	, 477	<i>∱</i> 3 .	, 71
25-34	:	419	287	75	. ` 56
35-44		187	105	47	.` 35
45-54 55-64	:	152 81	/4	38	41 . 36
55-64 t	:	81 88	` 30 56	1 15	, 24
,		١	. ,	, , , , '	,
ars of education completed by		,		}	
orkera 25,and over:	, :		No.	}	
All wotkers , ,	:	1,126	709	206	212
0-4	:	159	31	76	t 53
5-8 9-11	:	258 165	132 c.	91	72 40
12. 13. (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	;	308	112	18	40 27
13 and over	i	198	170	18	20
gratory atatus:	<b>'</b> :	<b>.</b>		1	
gratory atatuy: Higretory	, :	115	`88	. 19	• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Honmigratory ,		2,377	. 1,736	309	' 33 <b>í</b>
andard Federal Regions:	\ :			1	
I II	١,:	60 101	60 87	0 6	0 8
11 111	; 1	119	106	ľ	. 13
IV	i	567	'347	_	, ,
v .	•	580	377	18	, 201 0
AI ,	:	384	229	102	, 53
VII	:	269	<sup>'</sup> 258	6	6
VIII	•	107 334	9,8	5	4 54
(	;	334 <b>*</b> 172	115 148	165 23	_ 2
	:				
nsus regions: Northeest	·	204	190	. / 6	. 8 /
forth Central	•	688	672	, 8	8/
South	:	1,004 -	627	113	265
lest .	:	. 595	335	201	,59
e of fernwork:	- :	_		1 .	: /a
Pewer than 25 25-74	:	969 538	781 400	69	119
25-74	:	538 310	409 198	57 72	73
75-149 150-249		231	150		
250 end over		. 394	285	61	, / 48
	:			1	
usehold status:					,
		1,046 .	752 /	142	152
Heads ,-	:	1,046 . 1,446	752 / 1,072	142 185	152
usehold status: Heads Other meabers	: : :	1,046 . L,446			

ERIC PRINTED TO PROVIDE THE PROVIDENCE OF THE PROVIDE OF THE PROVIDENCE OF THE PROVIDENCE OF THE PROVIDENCE OF THE PROVI

## Appendix table 1--All hired farmworkers: Distribution by racial/ethnic groups and selected characteristics, 1981--continued

Cheracteriatica	: Total	Whites :	Hispanies	: Blacks and others
	<u> </u>	Perc	ent	
All workers	100	,100	, 100	100
Primary employment status:	: :	•		*
Parawork	: 32	27	52	40
Hired farmwork Vithout monfarmwork	: 28 : 24	' 22 18	. 52 . 48	39 - 36
- Wieh nonfarawork	: 4	5	4	3
Other ferework 1/	: 4	5	. 0	t
	: 17	19 1	12	9
Unemployed Not in labor force	: 3 : - 48	3. 51	. 32	47
Keaping house	: 8	6.	14	15
Accending achook Other	: 34 : 5	40 5	12 6	24 -∕- 8
Residence and age (years):	<b>.</b>	,	**	
, All workers	100	100	100	100
14-17	: 4 24	28	14	14
18-24 • 25-34	: 31 : 20	33 19 '	23 26	. 24 18
35-44	· ' •	8 _	17	' 11
45-54	; * * 7	5 🗫 ,	12	14
55-64 65 and over	4	3 ' 4	5.7 + 2	11
Nonfara residence .	: 100	100	. 100	100
14-17	: 26	, 30	. 14	15
18-24 , 25-34	: 30 : 20	32 19	25 25	23 18
35-44	: 9	12 7	16	ll
45-54	1 . 7	5	13	13
55-64	<u>:</u> - 4	. 2	. 5	_ 12
65 and over	; , 4 ; .	. 4	, <b>2</b>	. 8
Years of education completed by workers 25 and over:	:			•
Workers 25 and over:	: 100	100	100	100
10-4	: 14	4	37	25
5-8	: 26 .	19 '	' . 46	36 •
19-11 12	: 15 : 27\	16 37 /==	` 6	.19 13
13 and over	: 18	24	4	.,
Migratory atatua: Migratory Nonmigratory	5 1 5 1 95	, , 5 , 95	. 94	3 97
Standard Federal Regions:	: : : 2		,	,
1 11	: 4	3 5	0 2	0 2
III	; 5	6	ō	- 4
IA	: 23	19	٠.6 ,	59
•	: L5 . : L5 ,	21 13	1 31	0 15 2
vit ·	;, 11 `	14	2	. 2
VIII	: 4	ı, 5	2	L
-++	: 13 <sup>5</sup> ;	6 8	₹ 5 <u>1</u> 7	. 0
enous regions:	: ;			
Northeast ,	: , 8	10	· 2	2
North Central South	: 28 : 40	· · 37	. ž	2 78-
West	: 24	18	61	17
lays of farguork:	: :		• '	, .
Fever than 25	: 39	43	21	35
25-74 75-149	: 22 ; 12	- 22  1	17 22	21 12
150-249	: 11	8 '	21	` 18
250 and over	: 16 :	i 6	. 19	' " 14
ousehold status:			` <sup>*</sup> 43	
Hends Other members	: 42 : 58	41 59	43 57	45 55

Zeros indicate estimate was fewer than 56..

1/ Includes operating a farm and unpaid family labor.



# Appendix table 2--All hited formworkets: Distribution by racial/ethnic groups, sex, and selected\_characterIstics [98]

Characteristica	Tot:	al .	y White		Hiep	anics	Blacks and	others
viaracteristica	. Male .	Female	Hale :	Fensle	Male	Female	Male	Female
	† †		. 🛩	Thous	ebne		, .	
All workers	1,918	574	1,434	390	237	90 0	247 ,	93
Primary employment status: Farmwork	·	•					*	۶.
Hired farmwork	721	75 70	450 368	40 ,35	149 148	21 · 21	122 120	14 14
Without nonfarmerk	: 536	66	288	32	137	21	111	12
<ul> <li>With nonfarmwork</li> <li>Other farmwork 1/</li> </ul>	: 100 : , 85	. 4	80 82	3. 5	, 11 0	0 '	9 2	. 0
Nonfarawork	325	. 96	268	83 -	36	3	22	ğ
Unemployed	: 83 '	· ′3·	58	2	12	1,	13	Ţ, T
Not in labor force	: 790	400	658	265	42 '	64	91	70
Keeping house Attending school	; 15 : 653	184 ,205	13 · 572	89 166	20 -	45 19	, 2 61	50 20
Other	122	10	73	, 100	21	\ 6,	. 28	0,
Residence and age (years): *					, , , ,	1 .		• • •
All workers	1,918	574	1,434	390 '	237	90′	247	93
14-17	: 458 : 603	147 158	396 481	a` 116 121	23 63	22 13	39 '59	` . 8
25-34	377	121	27 2	. 79	67	, iš .	38'^ -	. 24
35-44	: 179	58	112	29	41	16	. 26 •35	` 12
45-54	: 127 : 82	53	67	26	24	16	35	11
55-64 65 and, over	:7 92	22 ° 16	61	'. 8'	. 7	. 0	27 - 24	` , 9 5
Nonfarm residence	: : 1,592	490	1,162	317`	212	84	219	89
14-17	405	131	, 348	101	20	'žĩ ,	37	. 8-
18-24	1: 487	135	376	101	61	13,	50	21
25-34	317	102	222	65	60	15	35 ` .	, 22
35-44 45-54	: 143 : 102	44 50	88 51	17 . 22	33 21 `	14 16	22 29	12 .
55-64	. `66	15	\ 28	2	10	4	27	′ .,
65 and over	: 73	14	- 47 '	9	7	,0	19	.5
Years of education completed	<b>:</b> ,	•	•	•		•		
by workers 25 and over: All workers	: : 857	` 269	₹55 <b>6</b>	153	152	54 1	150	62
\ 0-4	: 121	, 38.	, 31	. 0	51	25	39	13
5-8	: 244'	52	120	12	67	. 25	57	15
9-11	: 131	34	91	21	13	. 0	27 ,,	13
12 13 and over	: 220 : 141	88 57	, 193 120	70 50	14 7	3 2	13 14	14
Migratory'status:	1	,		,		٠,	•.	·
Highatory	: 96	20 .	74.	14 .	13	´ 6	9.	0
. Wonmigratory	: 1,823	554	1,360	377	225	84	238	93
Standard Fedéral Regions:	:			•	•			
· 1	: '39	21	7 39	21	• 0 .	0	0	0
11 111 ·	: 79 : 103	22 16	67 90	` 19 16	'0	2 0	8 13	0.
IA .	: 435	132	278	69	.,13	5	143	58
٧ .	: 288	9Ì	286	91	3	Ò	O	0
VI	: 310	74	197	32	69	33 .	43	ÌO
VIII · ,	204 .	65 114	, : 195 85	63 12	5	. I	4	2 0,
IX .	: 252	714 82	92	23	3 129-	36	3Î,	23
: x .	: 116	56 .	103	44	-îi	12	, "i"	, 0
•	:	•						
Census regions: Northeast	: : 161	_ 43	149	41	4	2	8	0
North Central	: 527	. ' 161	` 514 ·	159 i	` 8	ı	š .	2
South '	785	219	510	1.17	78	35	198	67
West .	. 444	151	261	. 74	148	52	35	24
Days of farawork:	:	1 212	.553	. 228	1	` 31	67	
Pewer than 25 25-74	: 65,8 : 390	312 149	312	· 228	. 38 30	26	48	52 25 ,
75-149	: 247	63	` .163	35	. 51	21	- 34	. ""
150-249	254	26	141	9	58	12 %	. 55	6
250 and ovet . 4	: 369	. 24 .	264	21	61 '	0	45 、	. 3~

Cont Inued --



# Appendix table 2-All hired farmworkers: Distribution by racial/ethnic groups, sex, and selected characteristics, 1981--continued

Manage	To	otal	Whi	tes .	Hisp	enice	Blacks at	ad orhers
Characteristics	Hale	: Penale	: Hale	Female	: Hale	Pensle :	: Hale	Penale
	:			Per	cenr			
) workers	: 100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
imary employment status:	:		•	:			`.	•
Farmvork	: 38-	13	31	10	63	24	49 .	' . 15
Hired ferawork	: 33	12	26	9	94	~24	48	×15
Without nonfermork	28	11	20	8	58	. 24	45	13
With nonferawork Other ferawork 1/	: 5.	!	6	1	1 5	0	3	3
Nonfarawork .	: 4	, 1 17	. 6	,1	0	0 4	1	,
Unemployed		. 17	' 19 .4	21 0	* 15 5\	. 1	, 9 5.	3
Not in labor force	: 41	70	46	68	17	71	37	75
Keeping house	. 41	32	. 1	23	. "0 .	50	1	54
Attending school	34	36	40	· 43	9	21	25	2
Other	: 6	, 30 , 2	5	3	٠,9	0	11	. (
sidence and age (years):	:					,		
All workers	: 100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
14-17	: 24	40_26_	28	30	10	25	16	
18-24	: '31 ,	27	, 34	31	. 26	. 15	24	2
25-34	: 20	21	19.	20	28	<sup>3°</sup> 20,	· 15 '	20
35-44	: 9	10 .	8,	8	17	17	11	13
45-54	: 7	9	_ 5	7	10	18	. 14	12
55-64	: 4"	4	", <b>3</b> .	. 2	5	5	11	10
65 and over	: 5 :	3	,4 ٠	. 3	3	, 0	10	• •
Nonfarm residence	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	· `10
14-19	: 25	27	30	32	. 9	25	17	
18-24	: 31 .	28	32	32	29	15	23	24
25-34	: 20	21	19 `	-21	1 28	18	, 16	2.
35-44	: 9	. 9	7	5	, 16	1 17	10	. 13
45-54	1 6	10	, - 4.	7	10	19	13 ,	• 13
55-64	: 4	3	, 3	1	<b>15</b>	5	12	10
65 and over	: 5 :	, 3	, 4	3	. 3	0	, 9 .	. , 6
ars of education completed	:					, r,	<b>7</b>	`
y workers 25 and over:	. 100	`100	100	100	100	100	100	100
All workers	: 100	100	100	100	100	100	100.	100
0-4	: 14	. 14		, 0	, 34	46	26	-21
5-8	: 28	19	22	8	. 44	46	38	24
9-11'	: 15'	13	16	14 46	8	0'	, 18	21
12	: 26 : 16	33 21-	35 <sup>7</sup> 21	33	· 5·′	5 4	` ´ 9 .	, 23
gratory statua:	<b>:</b> .	.•			,		•	٠.
Higratory	. 5 *	3	5	4	5	7	4	0
Nonmigratory	: 95	97	<b>95</b>	96	· 95	s <sub>e</sub> 93.	96	100
•	1		•			٠.	_	
anderd Pederal Regions: I	2	4	3	5	0.	- 0	. 0.	(
II 💆	: 4	4	. 5	5	ź `	2	3	٠ (
HI .	: 5	. 3	6	4	Ō	Ō	5	
IV .	: '23	23 16	19	18	16	5	58	62
v , .	: 15 : 16	. 16 '	20	23	1⊀	,0	, 0	. (
VI /	: 16	<sup>1</sup> 13	14	.8	29	36	` 17.	fo
VII '	: 11	11	14	16	. , 2	1	<sub>4</sub> . 2	• `2
VIII	: 5	2	6	3 '	1	2	2	
IX .	: 13	14	6	6	54	40	12	' 25
Κ ,	: 6	10	7	11	5	13	1	,0
nsus regions:	:		,	,			•	·
Wortheast	:	. 7	10	10	• 2	Ź,	, 3, ,	
North Central	27	28	36	41	- 3,	ĩ	, 2	2
South .	. 41	38 .	36	30	33		'aō	. 72
lest	23	26	18	19	33 62	. ,19 58	14	26
s of farmwork:	:	•			•			
Feugr than 25	: 34	. 54	39	, 58 -	16	35	27	56
25-74 ◀	: 20	26	22	25	13	29	19	27
	: 13	11 '	11	9	21	23	14	• 7
	: 13	. 5	10	2	24	٠ 13	22	7
150-249 250 and over	1 19	4	18	5	. 26	0	fø	3

Zeros indicate estimate was fewer than 500.

1/ Includes operating a ferm and unpaid family labor.

ERIC

# Appendix rable 3-Hired farmworkers who did fewer than 25 days of farmwork: Distribution by racial/ethnic groups and selected characteristics, 1984

			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
<b>9</b> -	Characteristics	Toral	: Whires	: Hispanics	: Blacks and orners
•		<u>.                                    </u>	/	nousands	•
	All workers	: , 969	781	<del></del>	1,19
	Primary employment status:		*	,	
	Farmork	: : 50	49	• '	<b>:</b> 1
	Hired fermwork	. 30	2	չ <b>»</b> ' օ՞ ՛	,
	Withour nonfarmwork	. 2	2	<i>P</i> 0	Ŏ
	Wirh nonfacawork	· · · · · ·	' ō ′	, ŏ	Ö.
	Other fermork 1/	<i>:</i> 48	47	, '0'	` i .
•	Nonfarmwork	. 249	214	16′	. 4 19
٠	Uneaployed ,	: 42	33	. 6 '	3
	Not in labor force	: 629	486	47	96 ,
	Keeping house	: 106	. , 55 ,	, 14	> ×36
	Artending school	: 454 : 69	' 380 51	29	, 46
. 7	Arnes	69	31	•• :	14
	Residence and age (years):				1.1
	All workers	: 969	, 781 ′	. 69	119
	14-17	: 333	280	24	- 29
	18-24	279	236	16	26 ·
	25-34	167	133	15	- 19
	, ` 35-44 45-54	: 60 ·	. 42 . 34	-5 -	12 '
	43 <del>4</del> 34 , 55-64 ,	52 25	· ناۋا ب		. 7 .
	65 and over	55	37 .	0	17 .
١	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	, ,	, j.	
	Nonfarm residence	<i>:</i> * 、 859	, 687	, 64 ·	108′ °
	14-17	: 304	256	21	. '27
	18-24	248	209	15	24
	25-34.	: 147	117 ′	' 14 ~	′ , 16 °
,	• 35-44 45-54	: 55 : 48	. 38 , 31	، ر <b>5</b> , ،	12 9
•	55-64	17	10	7 6 ·	' 7 '
,	65 and over	40 \	26	, , , ,	14′,
i.	and the same of th		1		1 , , ,
•	Years of education completed by workers 25 and over:	, ,	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	468
	All workers	: ^ 358	265.	<b>-</b> 29	64
	0-4	: ') 32	9 7	3 "	20
	5-8	: ' / 83	53	. 13	17
	9-11•	: 49	31 <	6	← 12 <i>←</i>
	12	124 :-	108	6	10
	13 and over	70	63	Z	,
	Migratory status:			·	• • • • •
	Migratory	24	. 23	1 .	1 .
	Nonmigratory	: 945	758	68	118
		:	• *	,	,
	Srandard Pederal Regions:		<b>A.</b> .		, , ,
	I ·	: 24 : 34	24 21	. 0 4	` 0 , 3
	, II	40	35	0	5
	IV	229	154	ŏ-	• 75
	<b>v</b> /		188	Ŏ.	0
		: 150 , '	94 **	43	14 '
	_ vii	: 143°,	139 `	·	2
		39	34	2	3
	IX .	73	39	, 19,	15 ,
	х.	· 59	. 54	3	1 .
	Census regions:		•	, ,	
ŧ		63	- 60	0 .	3
£		: 345	338	2	4 1
	Sourh	: 398	265 "	4 Y	92 19
	West .	: 163 ′	118	26	19
	Manager and an array	<b>.</b>	,		
	Household status:	206.	20		
	Heads Other members	325. 644	268 ~ 513 <sub>1</sub>	15 A 55	43 76
	Particle Manager	4	, 1		, ,
-4	1			•	
					Conrinued

ERIC

# . Appendix table 3--Hired farmworkers who did fewer then 25 days of farmwork: Distribution by recial/cthnic groups and selected characteristics, 1981--continued

Characteristics	Total	: ' : Whites	: Hispanics	: : Blacks and others :
		- +	rcent	
All workers :	100	100	. 100 ·	100
Primary employment status:	_	1		•
Fermork :	5 0	. 6	0	1
Without nonfarmwork :	0	0	. 0	n
With nonfarmwork . :	Ŏ	ŏ	Ů	. 0
Other farmork 1/	5	6	0	1
Nonfernwork i	26	27	23	16
Unemployed : Not in labor force :	4 65	4 62	9 67	2 81 ·
Keeping house	11 .	e <b>≥7</b> .	21	30
Attending achool . : :	. 47 7	49 7	41 6	38 12
Residence and age (years):	•	•	•	_
All workers	100	, 100	100	100
14-17 : 18-24 :	• 34 29	36 . 30	35 23 ·	24 22
`25-34 - :	17 1	,17,	22	16
. '35–44 ' :	6	5	. 8	10 .
45-54 :	′ 5	<b>X</b>	. 12	7
55-64 : 65 and over :	6	, 2	. 0	, 6 '
٠,		,		15
Nonfarm(residence	100 °	. 100 \ \ \	100	100"
14-17 18-24	29	37	, 33 23	25 22 -
25-34	1.7	17	22	15
35-44	. 6 .	1 6	* 150 18	11 1
45-54	6." -	5	14	8'
55-64 65 and over	2 5		0	13
	· ,			
Years of education completed by :	3 1		~ ·	١
workers 25 and over;	100	100	· 100	100
0-4	9	3 ′	700	31
5-8	23	. 20	* 1m '	. 27
9-11	14	12	` <del></del> ',	<u>۱۱۹۰ <del>سن</del>ت</u>
12 3 and over 1	*35 20	41 24	<u> </u>	16 8
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *			,	•
Higretory status:		Sec. 6		, ,
Higratory : Nonmigratory :	98 .	97	1 99	1 99
Standard Pederal Regions: :	• ,		•	,
11, :	2 ~	. 3 3	0	' 0 ` 3
III :	4	5	. 0	, 4
IV ,	24 19	20 , ,	<b>o</b> '	, 63
y v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v	, 16 ·	/ 24 / 12	, 0 62	0 12
vii	V 15	,/ 18	. 3.,	2
, VIII , t	, 4	4	3.	3
1X :	. 8	/ 5	28 . 5	12
X :	6	7	• • •	· 1
. Census regions:	· , <i>(</i>	/ -		
Northeast ' :	7	/	, , <u>o</u> `	3
North Gentral :	, 36 , 41	43 34	3 · 60	78
South :	. 17 /	15 <sub>.</sub>	38	16
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	- · · · /			,
Rousehold status: / :	منى المنطق			
Hesda /	34 66	34 , 66	· 79	36 64
Other members	, ob	1 <b>66</b>	79	P4 ' '
	•	<b>&gt;</b>		

Zeros indicate estimate was fewer than 500.

-- - base was fewer than 50,000 persons.

1/ Includes operating a farm and unpaid family labor.

**3**5,

# Appendix table 4--Rired farmorkers who did 25 to 149 days of farmork: Distribution by racial/ethnid/groups and selected characteristics, 1981

Characteristics	:	Whites	: Rispanics	: Blacks and others
	: 4: : :	Thos	:	<u>:</u>
All workers		607	128	(13
В ,	: #	001		
Primary employment status: Farmwork Hired farmwork Without nonfarmwork	: // 147 : // 117 : // 94	76 47 29	45 45 40	26 25 125
With nonfarmork Other Farmork 1/ NonFarmork Unemployed	23 23 30 157 \	18 29 . 126 . 24	. 5 0 21 7	0 1 11 *
Not in labor force Keeping house Accending school Other	502 69 505 55 58	382 43 311 27	55 27 9 ใก	65 16 35 14
Residence and age (years): . All workers	### B48	607	128	. 113
147-17 18-24 25-34 35-44	236 4 298 147 63	200 232 293 35	28 28 33 19	18 38 21 9
, 45-54 55-64 <u>6</u> 5 and over	: 47 : 29 : 33	. 16. . 12 20	í í 8 7 5	13 6 7
Nonfarm residence 14-17 18-24	: 733 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	503 172, 186	123 16 16 28	106 18 36
25-34 35-44 45-54 45-64	: 132 : 53 : 43 : 20 4	81 27 13	32 17 18 7	19 9 12 .6
65 and over Years of education completed by	29	18	<b>.</b>	
workers 25 and over: All workers 0-4	314 51	175	82 36 •	. 57 10
5-8 9-11 12	: 89 : 32 : 77	31 22 65	38 2 3	20 8 10
13 and over	65	52	A	. 9
Higratory scatus: Higratory Nonmigratory	: 49 : '799	49 559	i 0 128	113
Scandard Federal Regions:		C 48	٥,	` . `
II / III / IV	; 18 2 43 : 40 : 194	18 35 34 123	6 0 , 5	. 0
AII AI	: 122 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	120 72 77	25 · 13	0 19 2
X X Y	: 43 : N6 : 74	39 31 59	2 69 • 15	16 0
ensus regions: Northease North Central	; ; 74 ; 222	65 214	6 6	3 2
South West	331 222	211 117	29 87 <sup>9</sup>	91 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
dousehold status: ,  Heads ,  Other members	272 276	. 197 411	43	33 80
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	<b>'</b> ( )		·

Continued-

·



# Appendix rable 4--Hired farmworkers who did 25 to 149 days of farmwork: Distribution by racial/erhnic groups and selected characteristics, 1981--continued

	<u>`</u> .	•	
Torel		Hispanics .	: Blacks and other
	Perce	<u>or</u>	
100	100		100
17	13	•	23 .
14 11	8 5	35	22 22
3	3	4 *	/ 0
19	21	17	
59	63	43	10 7 58
10 42 7	51 7	23 7 13	14 31 12
100	400	. 100	100
28	33	. ; 14 .	16 - 33
17	15	. 26	` 19
, 7	• 6 3 6	15 14	8 <sup>1</sup> 12 ·
3 4 4	3 /	. 6 *	5. 7.
* 100	100	100	100
34 '	37	23	34
18 7	, 16 , 5	. 26 14	18 8
,6 3	3 7	15 ,	117
4 .	. 4	4	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
,		, as f	•
100	100	100 ,	` 100 ' 18
* 28	18 ′	46	35
, 25	37 -	4	14 18
21,	30	5	16 •
· '6	92	0 100	0 100
•	•		
5	•	5	. , 0
5 23	. 20*	4	>5 59
. 14 '	20	2.	. 0 1
· 10 ,	13	, 3	1
. / 14	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	. 54	1 14 0
_			• .
26		- 4 '	2 2 2
39	·. · 35-	23	. 81 ° 15
. 20	17 '		1.
. 32 .	32	33	29 ••
68	68	67	• • 71
	100  17 14 11 11 3 4 19 5 5 9 10 42 7  100 28 35 17 7 6 3 4 100 28 34 18 7 6 3 4 100 28 34 18 7 6 3 4 100 26 34 18 7 6 3 4 100 26 34 18 7 6 3 4 100 26 34 18 7 6 3 4 100 26 34 18 7 7 6 3 4 100 26 37 100 16 28 100 25 21 100 26 39 26 39 26	Total : Whites ::    Perce	Percent   100

Zeros indicate estimate was fewer than 500.

1/ Includes operating a farm and unpaid family labor.

				• - •
Characteristics		Whites :	Hispanics	: Blacks and othe
1	•	· Thous	ands	. ,
ll workers	: : 674	435	130	109
rimary employment status:		•		
Farmork	: 598	366	124	108
Hired farmwork.	: · 587 : 505	354 289	124 118	, 108 , 98
With nonfarawork	: 82	65	. ***6	10
Other farmwork 1/	: 12	12	, , 0	, 0
Nonfarmwork .	: 14	12	· 2	1
Unemployed	: 3 '	3	Ç	0
Not in labor force	; 59 ; 5	55 3 ·	. 2	U,
Attending school 4 Other	49	, 47	, 2 0	0 '0
sidence and age (years):	: :			
All workers ,	: 674 <b>.</b> .	. 435	130	109
14-17	: 36	33	4	0
18-24 25-34	: 184 : 183	135 125	32 37	- 18 21
35-44	183	65	37	17
4554	: 81	. 42	14	·25
°55-64	: 54	22'	.9	24 -
65 and over	20	14	<b>2</b> , .	4
Nonfarm residence	491	289	108	. 94
14-17 18-24	25	21	4 .	.0
25-34	: 123	83 ¹ 89	30° 29	. 11 21
35-44	7 79	Ãį.	25	. 13
45-54	: 61	30	11	20
55-64	: . 44	13	7	24
65 and over	; <sup>3</sup> 19,		. 2	
ars of education completed by	•	- <del>'</del>	•	
orkers 25 and over: All workers	: . 454	268	. 95	191
0-4	1 76	15	38	23
5-8	124	48	41	. , 35,
9-11 4 12	: 83 , : 107	158 91	. 8	· 20
13 and over	: 64	55	. 3	6
•			•	
gratory status:		16	18.	8
iigratory Vonmigratory	: 42 : 632	`_419	113	` 100
4	·		, ,	,
andard Federal Regions: .	: ' 18 .	. 18	·	. 0
II.	34 / 1	. 31	( '0',	: '2
tti , , ,	38 143	* 36 70	4 43	. 2 . 60
v /	. 143	70 70	, , 42.	. , 0
/T · /	: 118	- 64	r, 35	· 20
/11	: 118 : 44	42	. 1	· 20 2 0
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	: 25 : 144	25	1 ',	, 0
ix , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	: 144	45 35	7 <i>ቻ</i> 5	, <sup>23</sup>
aus regions:	•		•	• •
Northeast/	: 67	64	• 0 '	, ,,
North Central	: 122 ,	64 120	1	2 .
south /	275	151 .	43	81 .
lest	21/0	100	′ 87 ·	24
sehold status		<b>~</b>		
Heads ' ' //	449	288	85 45 కృ	76
Other members.	226	148	45 🖏	` 33
//	•		`.	
<del>//</del>		•		* / Continued
· //· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•		•	/
- //	•	,	Λ· ·	/
/ <b>F</b>	,			,

ERIC

## Appendix table 5-Hired farmworkers who did 150 or more days of farmwork: Distribution by racial/ethnic groups and selected characteristics, 1981-continued

Characteristics	: Total	: Whites :	Hispanics	: Blacks and other
	3 1	Percent	· ,	
<u> </u>	. *			
All workers	100	· 100	100	190 /
Primary employment status:	<u>:</u>	•		
Farmwork	. 89	84 .	. 96	, 99 *
Hired farmwork	: 87	81	96	99 .
Without nonfarmwork	: 75	. 66	. 91	¥ 90
With nonfarmwork Other farmwork 1/	: 12 : 2	15 3	5 ,	.9 2.0
Nonfarawork	; 2	. 3	. 1	i
Unemployed	1 0	1	Ò	. 0
Not in labor force / Keeping house	\$ 9 - 1	13	عمد 3 عمد 2	0
, Attending school	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	, 11	i .	
Other	: 1	, i	o ,	., Ò
Residence and age (years):	: ,	· . ·		· .
All workers.	100	, 100	100	100 •
.14-17 ,18-24	: 5 : 27	•	. 3.	0/
18-24 25-34	: 27	· 31	. 24 . 28	` 16 20
35-44	17	15 🐍	25	. 16
45-54	12	10	- 11	23 🥱
55-64 65 and over	: 8	* 5	. 7 . 2	22 4
	. :			
Nonfarm residence	: 100 : ~5	100	100	× . 100
18-24	: 25	29	28 .	12
25-34	: 28	. 31	. 27	22
35-44	: 16 -	14 ~	23	14
: 45-54 : 55-64	12	5 10 4 4	.10 . .6	21 - 26
65 and over	; 4	4	. 2	4 ,
Years of education completed by	: 0		,	· ·
workers 25 and over:	100	,	100 .	, 100
0-4	, 100	, 100 6	40	, 100 25
5-8	: 27	18 •	, 43	38
. 49-11 4	: 18	22	<b>*</b> 5	22
12 13 and over	: 24 t 14	· 34 · 20	. 8 -	8
15 0110 0701	· •	1	• .	, ,
Migratory status:	:		••	
Migratory Nonmigratory	: 94	96	14 86 ,	92
	• 7	., , ,,	. ** , , ′	,
Standard Federal Regions:	: .		0 .	
I.	; 3 ; 5	•7	Ö	. 0 .
III · -	1 6,.	8	. 0	2 2
14	: 21	16	10	. 55 0
V VI	: 10 : 17	16 15	⊅0- 26 j	U 18
VII .	7	10	0	18 2
VIII	± 4	, ` 6	1.	. 0.
IX	: , <u>21</u>	. 10	59 •	21
, <b>x</b>	: 6	8 /t · •	3	. ۵ .
Census regions:	1	• 1	_	
Northeast North Central	: 10 : 18	15	0 '	· 2 2
South .	41	28 35	, 33	75,
West	31	. 23	67 .	75 22
~*	_1		les.	
Household status:		66	65	. , 70
Other members	, 33	34	35 `	30
		k .		•
<u> </u>	<u>*</u>		•	•

Zeros indicate estimate was fewer than 500.

1/ Includes operating a farm and unpaid family labor.

**3**3.

Appendix table 6--All hired farmworkers: Days of farmwork by selected characteristics, 1981

Characteristics				hired farmorkers		<del></del>
	Total ;	Fewer than 25 4:	25 to 74	days worked .	150 to 249 #	: 250 and over
		, 1		sands» (		
		•	Thou	isands" k	٥	
ll workers	2,492	- 969 1	538	310	. 281	394 🏕
thnië groups:	*	<b>, `</b> .	•		,	
Whites	1,824	781	409	*198 <b>/</b>	150	285
Hispanics :	328	69	57	, 72 A.	70	61
Blacks and others	340	119	73	, 40 .	61	48
figary employment status: :	,		7		•	
Farmwork, 2	796	50	43	104	229	370
Without nonfarmork	706 601	2 2	22 17	95 78 ,	224 170	363 3 <b>3</b> 5
With nonfarmwork	105	, \ 0 . 1	\6	17	54	78
Other farmwork 1/.	90 '	, 48 .	21 🗞 ,	9	- 5	. 7
Nonfaruwork :	420	249	105	53	. 10	s' ·
Unemployed	: ` 86 : 1,189	629	24 366	18 136	· 40	19
Keeping house	. 199	)106	70	19\	' 3 '	۱۶ <u>2</u>
Attending school :	.858 🔪	454	. 272	83/	31 /	ΙB
Other	. ,132	69	24	341.	• 6	_ 0 r
ex and age (years):		tit,	7 .	, ,		
Males'	1,918	658 .	390	247	254	369
.1417 :	458	229	155.	38	25	10
18-24 :	603.	200	1,32	96	72	103
25-34 : 35-44 + :	377 179 °	116 33	- ች7 18	45 22	65	103 78
45-54	127	19	16 16	18	27,	46.
5564	* 82	18	, . B	· " ii -	27	· 18
65 and over 🕝 ;	92	42	13	17	10	10
Females :	574	312	149	63	26	25.
14-17	147	103	32 /	. 11	0	·
. 18-24 :	158	\$79	- 59 -	10 .	7 0	` , 3 ````
25-34	121	`\$2 ·	33	22	6 0	, В
35-44 :	58	26.	11 ` ,	12	3 ·	
	53 · 22	33 6	. 11	. 5 3	0 .	
65 and over :	16	13	i	, j. s	~ 3· '	1 0 .
:		,	1		• .	1.
esidence: :   Yarm	409	411	73 ·	40 10	57	126
Nonfarm :	2.083	111 859	465.	- 43 - 267 1	· 223 · ·	126 268
· *				<del></del>	<b>1</b> 1	,
igratory status: :			٠	£ 🕏	4	
Migratory : Nonmigratory :	115 2,377	.945	, 37 501	299 Ø	28 253	15 379
	2,377	744 /	201	. 27% "	ا چدید	"
andard Federal Regions: :				٠, ٥		٦.
	60 '	24 24	11	7	10	8 ' '
III :	101 119 1	- 40 - 40	29 33	14 17	11 .	22 34
IV :	567.	229	134	`	77	. 66
٠ :	380	188	82	41 (1)	`27	`43 ^
AI .	384	150 .	68 .	48	. 42	76.
VIII :	269	' 143	45	37	18 .	26
IX	107 334	. 39 . 73 :	. 27 ° . 60	. 16	66 1	18
X :	172	· , , 59	50	56 23	<b>₹18 √</b>	21
	•	i je i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i		1.4		
ineus regions: 💡 :	,	·		٠ ي ٠٠		
Manakaran	204	63	50	24	· 22	44
Northeast /:	202	316	175	2.0	40 -	71
Northeast /: North Central :	688	345 398	. 136 221	86 110	48 ·	156
Northeast /:	688 1,004 595	345 398 163	. 136 221 132	86 110 90	120 / 90 /	155

ERIC Full Text Provided by ERIC

Appendix table 6--All hired farmworkers: Days of farmwork by selected characteristics, 1981--continued

Characteristics :	·	<del></del>	/ Number of By d	hired farmworkers days worked		2
	Total	: Fewer than 25 :		: 75 to 149 :	150 to 249	: 250 and oven
			Porc	cent		
• :	1		•		1	•
All workers :	100	39	22 .	12	1 <u>1</u>	16
Ethnic groups: :	•	<b>.</b> € .		*	,	* .
Whites -:	: : 100	43	22	11 ,	. 8	16
Rispanics :	: 100	21	. 17	22	21	19
8lacks and others :	100	. 35	_ ~ 21	12	18 ,	14
: Primary employment status: :	•		•		•	•
Primary employment status: : Farmwork :	: : 100	K	5	13	29	46
Hired farmwork :	: 100 : 100	ń	ž	13	32	₹51
Without nonfarmwork :	100	ń	3	13	28	763 t 56
With nonfarmwork :	: 100	ń	6	13 16	28 51	27
Other farmwork 1/ :	: 100 : 100	0 53	6 23	10	3	ð Tí
Nonfarmwork 1/ :	: 100 : - 100	53 59	23 25	10 13	ž	1 .
Unemployed :	: 100 : 100	59 48	25 28	13 21	<b>a</b>	ņ
Not in labor force :	: 100 : 100	48 53	28 31	21 11	ž	2
Not in labor force : Keeping house :	: 100 : 100	53 53	31 35	11 9	ĭ	1
Keeping house : Attending school :	: 100 : 100	, 53 , 53	35 32	. 10	<u>.</u>	1 2
Attending school : Othet :	: 100 : 100	, 53 52	· 32 18	. 10 26	4 .	0
	1		•			
Sex and age (years): : Males :	- 100	P . 34	30	1.9	19	
Males :		74	20 34	13 *	13	· 19
	:` 100	50 33	34 22	8	6 · ^	2 17
18-24 :	: 100	` 33	22. 13	16 12	12 17	17 27
% 25-34 :		31	13	12	17 16	27 44
35-44 :	: 100	, 18	10 13	12 14	16 21	44
45-54°. :	: 100	15	13	14 13	21 33	37 \
55-64 , :	: 100	22	10	13	33	22
65 and over	: 100 :	46	15	18	10	11
Females :	100	54	. 26	11	5	. 4
14-17 :	: 100	70	22	8	0	10
18-24 :	: 100	50	38	6	4	2
25-34 :	: 100	, , 43	27	18	5	7.
35-44 :	: 100	46	20	20	6	R
45-54 :	: 100	, 46 61	20 20	20 4	Ř	ň
45-54 :	: 100		<del></del>		<u></u>	**
>>-64 : 65 and over :	: 100 : 100					
:	1	<u> </u>				-
Residence, :	1		<b>*</b> =	4 =	- 6	<b>-</b>
Farm :	100	27	18	10	14	31
Nonfarm. :	100	41	. 22	13	11	13
Migratory/status: : :		•				
Migratory status: :	: : 100	21	, <b>32</b>	10	24	13 -
Nonmigratory	: 100 : <sub>7</sub> 100	21 40	32 21	10 13	24 11	13 - 16
المستشترين والمستنبي المسترين	1 .	7.W				44
Standard Federal Regions: :	; 100	20	19	12	14	14
III	: 100 : 100	39 24	18 28	12 14	16 11	14 22
II		24 34	40 39		11 4	. 22
TV V		34 40	28 24	6 11		29 12
47.05 m	: 100	. 40	24	. 11	14	12
, uT	100	49 30	22 18	11		` 11 20
· VI.	: 100	39 53	· 18 .	19	11 7	20
VII,	: 100	53 '	17 25	14 15	7	10
VIII. :	: 100	36 22 i	25 18	15 17	7 . 20	17
TV 1		22 1	18	17	20	23
IX T		34	29	14	11	12
X : 1	100	34,				
IX :	100 :	34,			1	
IX : X : ensus regions: :	: :		25	13	11	
IX : X : ensus regions: : Northeast	100	31	25 · 20	12 12	11 7	22
IX : X : ensus regions: : Northeast : North Central :	: : : 100 : 100,	31 50	. 20	12	7	22 11
IX : X : Rensus regions: : Northeast	: : : 100 : 100 : 100	31	25 20 22 22		11 7 12 15	22

Zeros indicate estimate was fewer than 500.
-- - base was fewer than 50,000 persons.
1/ Includes operating a farm and unpaid family labor

•••	: : Thousands	: Farm and		Farmwork	ξ	:	ers who farmwork	did hired only	i
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	: of : workers	: nonfarm : earnings	. Days	Barr	IINES	Thousands:	Days	Earr	ings
	:	<u> </u>	worked	Daily :	Annual	: Workers :	worked	: Daily	Annual
Я	: <u>Number</u>	Dollars	Number	<u>Doll</u>	lars	<u>Numb</u>	er	<u>Doll</u>	\ ars
All workers	: 2,492 :	4,299	98	27.20	2,659	1,478	129	27.64	3,557
Ethnic groups and sex:		1			•	/	• •		. ~
Whites,	: 1,824	4,288	91	26.03	2,359	<del>9</del> 63	125	26.24	`3,29°
Hispanies	: 328	-5,340	131	32.89	4.319	/259	150	77 33.28°	4,995
Blacks and others	: 340	3,358	104	25.71	2,668	256	119	25.98	3,098
Males 👟	: : 1,918 ;	4,829	112	27.47	3,073	/1,145	147	27.86	4,092
Whites	: 1,434	4,713	102	26.45	2,710,	781	138 1	26.63	3,682
Hispanies	: 237	6,447	155	33.26	5, 158	178.	186	33.64	6,256
Blacks and others	: 247	3,948	125	25.42	3,1/5	186	146	29.70	3,745
	:			1	1/2-			İ	
Females	: 574	2,526	51 77	\25.19 22.71	1/,276		66	25.94	1,719
Whites Kispanies	390	2,725	47 69	30.72	1,071 2,114	182 81	71 71	22.98 31.18	1,622 2,228
Hispanics Blacks and others	: 90 : 93	2,420 1,796	69 48	27.74	1,327	81 70	71 49	28.16	1,384
pracks and others	:	1,750	40	44	, 1,52,	70		20.10	11204
Sex and age (years):	:			/				_	
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	• 605	934	43	17.61	753	418	48	18.19	875
18-24	: 760	4,624	93	26.84	2,488	343	142	27.04	3,845
40 0 7	: 498	6,785	120	30.70	3,684	252	176	31.73	5,584
35-44	: 236	6,405	159	29.10	4.631	169	195	28.85	5,633 5,279
45-54 55-64	: 180 : 10 <i>6</i>	5,460 4,597	146 147 /	27.35 27.82	3,980 4,077	122 86	186 158	28.41 27.84	4,406
65 and over	108	2,575	79/	24.64	1,938	88	88	24.63	2,165
	1	_,,,,,	7	i	-,		•••		_,
Males	:		/			, ,			
14-17	: 458	1,028	/48	16.95	818	326	54	17.45	939
18-24	: 603	4,965	106	26.85	2,846		160	26.85	
25-34	: 377	7,736 7,748	138	31.09 29.78	4,277 5,596	187 119	207 - 243 °	32.21 29.55	6,682 7,192
·3544 45-54	: 179 : 127	6,586	/ 188 181	27.74	5,032	89	. 243 225 .		6,494
55-64	82	4,932	148	29.11	4.300			28.90	1,655
65 and over	92	2,769/	86	24.98	2,152	77 .	9 <u>4</u>	24.89	2,349
**	: .	7		1			٠		
Females	:	/.					28		
= : =:	: 147	640	26	21151	550		-	23.34	644
18-24	: 158	2,317 3,811	42 65	26+76 28+14	1,115 1,829	63 65	64 85	29.18 28.37	1.87F 2,404
25-34 35-44	: 121 : 58	2,225	70	23,41	1,628	49	Ş.,	~~~~	2,404
45-54	: 53	2,791	60	24-55	1,484	34		-	
55-64	: 22 /					19			
65 and over	: 16 /					11			
Household and migrant	: /						/		
status: Household heads	1,046	6,876	139	29.96	4,151	-584	200	30.22	6,057
- Higratory	: A4					24			
Nonmigrator;	: 1,603	6,907	138	30.21	4,182	560	200	30.50	6,106
Other household members	. 1.446	2,434	68	23.13	1,579	895	82	23.51	1,926
Migratory	: / 72	2,676	94	24.37	2,300	60	99	23.86	2,356
Nonmigratory	1.374	. 2,421	67	23:04	1,542	835	81	23.48	1,896
Years of education com- pleted by workers 25 and	<u>{</u> : :	i							٠
71771	: : 1,126	5,888	131	29.05	3,799	717	169	29.43	4,981
,	: 159	4,593	143	29.52	4,217	140	153	29.62	4,544
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	: 296	5,116	138	28.68	3,949	217	163	28.98	4,737
, ,	: 165	5,860	160	27.65	4,410	113	195	28.17	5,487
. /	308	6,333	iii	29.82	3,303	160	154	30.39	4,674
, 13 and over	: 198	7,417	118	29.69	3,504	88	204	30.35	6,195

<sup>-- \*</sup> base was fewer than 50,000 persons.



Appendix table 8--All hired farmworkers: Employment characteristics by average number of days worked and earnings, 1981

	: Thousands	: Farm and		Parawoi	k :		ers who far <b>ew</b> ork	did hired	il .
Characteristics .	of workers	: nonfarm :	Days	Eat	nings	Thousands:	Days		nings
<u> </u>	:	: carnings	worked	: Daily	:Annual	Workers :	worked	Daily	Annual
	<u>Number</u>	Dollars	Number		lars	<u>Numb</u>		<u>Do1</u>	lars
All workers	2,492	4 . 299	98	27.20	2,659	1,478	129	27.64	3,557
Primary employment status:	• •				<b>~</b>		-		
Farmwork	<i>:</i> 796	6,720	218	29.35	6,387	671	226	29.30	
Hired farmwork /	: 706	7,258	238	29.39	6,981	601	245	29.33	7,172
	<i>t</i> 601	7,172	245	29.33	7,172	601	245	29.33	77172
	105	7,749	197	29.86	5,882	. 0			١
	: 90	2,494	62	28.04	1,725	70	64	28.44	1,825
	: 42(	8,341	38	25.01	949	.0			
Unemployed	: . 86	2,550	44	28.40	1,242	41			
Not in labor force	1,189	1,378	43	20.44	872	766	47	20.54	961
Keeping house	199	1.182	- 36	23.91	866	154	38	24.25	913
Attending school	: 858	1,307	,44	18.60	809	516	49	18.41	. 894
Other	: 132	2,127	47	27.47	1,286.	96	52	26.93	1,396
Residence, sex, and days of farmwork:	: :				,		•		
Fewer than 25	969	2,756	9	22 76	214	444	10	21.79	222
•1	• 909 • 538	2,799	45	22.76 24.85	216 1,126	274	45	24.64	1,108
II 1/1 !	: 310	4,081	107	24.85	2,650	195	107 -	25.73	2,742
	281	6,669	198	29.84	5,908	206	201	30.12	6,051
250 and over	394	8,632	308	27.43	8,461	· 360	. 309	27.63	8,547
7 250 4114 0466	. 554	. ,,,,,		27.443	0,401	500	303	27.00	0,547
Nonfarm residence	: 2,083	4,266	88	27.80	2,436	1,173	117	28.36	3,321
Fewer than 25	: 859	2,906	10	22.55	216	37 <b>6</b>	11	21.43	226
25,-74	: 465	2,934	45	25.05	1,132	225	45	24.61	1,113
<b>75</b> ∸149	: 267	4,246	106	25.19	2,683	165	107	25:88	2,758
150-249	: 223	6,802	198	30.19	5, 980	168	201	30.49	6,116
250 and over	268	8,854	301	28.66	8,624	239	301	28.87	8,686
Males	•		,			•			
Fewer than 25	658	3, 212	9	24.59	230	286	10	23.69	229
, 25-74 ·	390	3.001	46	24.60	1,132	190	46	24.00	1,104
. 75-149	: 247	4,343	108	24.47	2,640	- 150	.108	-25.19	2,727
150-249	254	6,618	198	29.65	5,858	184	201	29.79	5,978
250 and over	369	8,733	308	27.81	8,554	336	308	28.02	8,640
Females .	• •	1							•
Fewer than 25	312	1,792	10	19.04	185	- 158	11	18:77	208
25-74	149	2,270	43	25.54	. 1,109	84	ú3	26.19	1,115
75 and over	114	4,875	172	26.03	4,488	91	1'83	26.63	4,881
	: :	-							
				·			1.00		
Migratory	: 115	3,995	112	24.37	2,728	83	130	23.77	3,080
	24					13			
25-74	,			`		25			
	: 12			·		. 7			
150 and over	: 42 :			:		, . 38	<b>-</b> -		
Nonmigratory	2,377	4,314	97	27.35	2,656	1,395	129	27.87	3,585
Fewer than 25	945	2,751	9	22.70	213	430	10	21.51	214,
	799	3,305	68	24.99	1,705	437	72	25.50	1,824
			-		E 000	100	202		4 14 2
150-249	: 253	6、755	199	30.09	5,980 8,534	. 182	202	30.53	6,162 8,642

Zeros appear where estimate was fewer than 500.
-- - base was fewer than 50,000 persons.
1/ Includes operating a farm and unpaid family labor.

## Appendix table 9--Ail hired faraworkers: Regions and racial/ethnic groups by average number of days worked and earnings, 1981

	1 ; Thousands	: Parm and	<u>:</u>	Farmwork			ers who farework	did hired only	l 
Character1stlcs	: of : workers	: nonfarm : earnings :	Days Worked	Earn)	toge	Thousands: of : Workers:	Bays worked	Parr Daily	ingş Annual
	: Number 0	Dollate	Number	<u>Polla</u>	, <u> </u>	<u>Numb</u>	<del>61</del>	<u>Doll</u>	478
All workers	: 2,492	4,299	÷ 98	27.20	2,659	1,479	129	27.64	3,557
Census re81ons:	:. :		-		,				
Northeast Whites	: 204 : 190 /	/ 4,400 4,457	115 117	25.82 25.41	2,977	10 <del>9</del> 100	156 157	27.41 26.88	4,268
Hispanics	: 190	4,437		23.41 	2,967	100	157	20.50	4,234
Alacks and others	8/	~-		:		5			
North Central	6,88	4.025	75	26.92	2,019	350	98	27.38	2.694
Wyltes	: /672	4.043	75	26.84	2.018	342	99	27.35	2,694
Hispanics Blacks and others	: / 8					3 5			
South	. 1.004	3.786	97	22:95	2,217	627	126	22.67	2.856
Whites	: 627	3.987	έί	21.90	2,003	345	129 -	21.15	2,718
Hispanics	: 113	4,435	114	27.27	3,115	81	137	27.41	3,744
Blacks and others	: 265 :	3,036∾	101	23. 13	2,341	201	117	23.30	2,734
West Waltes	: 595 : 335	5,446	120 105	33.60	4,037	393 176	153	34.40	5,249
Hispanics	: 335 : 201	5, 244 5,992	145	31.97] 35.47i	3,366 5,157	170	154 158	32.84 35.77	5,048 5,668
Blacks and others	: 59	4,738	119	34.04	4,037	45			***
Standard Pederal Regions:	. :			.					
1 Whites	: 60 : 60 ·	4, 347	100	22, 56 22, 56	2,246 2,246	29 29		<del></del> .	<del></del>
Risponics	: 0.	4,547	100	22, 30	4,240	0			
Blacks and others	: 0			1		Đ			
11/	: : 101	4,295	120	28,65	3,450	52	146	32.14	4,706
Whites	: 87	4,401	124	28.1B	3,506	- 44			
Hispanics Blacks and others	: 6 : 8			=		4 5		·	
111	: : 119	3,744	٠ 123	17.84	2, 193	76	176	17.42	3,065
Whites	: 106	4.019	128	18.18	2,318	68	185	17.79	3,282
Mispanics Blacks and Others	: 0 : 13		***			0			
· · · · · · ·	:		•	ĺ		1 4			
ly Whitee	: 567 : 347	3.450 3.630	89 80	22,38 21,38	2.000 1.720	356 186	116 112	22.32 21.14	2,599 2,377
Risponice	: 18			-+		18			
Blacks and others	: 201 :	3.070	97	23.48	2,281	152	115	23.35	2.675
y Whites	: 380 : 377	3,937 3,938	76 . 77	25.66 25.66	1,955	184 184	98 98	25.01 25.01	2,455 2,455
Rispanics	: 377	J,9J0 		23.00	1,903	0	70	43.01	2,493
Blacks and others	. 0			}		0		₩.	
V1	: 384	4,590	105	26.45	2,783	231	136	26.27	3, 563
Whites	: 229	4,784	99	25.80	2,560	121	138	24.71	3,414
Hispanics Blacks and others	: 102 : 53	4,775 3,385	111 119	29.38 23.49	3,274 2,800	68 42 ,	136	29.96	4,062
V11	: , : 269	4, 149	. 71	28.30	2,010	141	96	29,88	2,857
Whites	: 258	4.189	70	28.14	1,980	134	95	29.97	2,844
Hispanics Biscks and others	: 6 : 6		`			3	- <b>کسی</b> ر ر		
	: '			1		**			
VIII . Whites	: 107 : 98	4,742 4,697	99 102	27.18 26.87	2,701	59 55	143 145	27.55 27.16	3,946 3,938
illspanics	: 3	41097	102			3			5,750
Blacks and others	: 4			\		ì			
IX	: 334	6, 161	137	37.05	5,077	253	160	37.12	5,948
Whites	: 115	6.678	13.	37.92 37.26	4,931 5,418	68	184	36.97	6.809
Hispanics Siz^ks and others	: 165 : 54	6,326 4,545	145 . 126	34.40	4,334	141 43	159	37.57	5,971 
x	: 172	3,860	90	26.73	2,407	96	121	28.72	3,489
Whites	: ~ 148	4.018	84	28.02	2,366	A 74	118	31.14	3,679
Hispanics	23			\		44			
"Blacks and others	-: 2 .	,		,		1			

Zeroa appear where estimate was fewer than 500. -- \* base was fewer than 50,000 persons.

ERIC -

## Appendix table 10-Hired-farmworkers who did farmwork and nonfarmwork: Demographic characteristics by average number of days worked and earnings, 1981

: Thou: ands	: Farm and	: .	Farmwork		Nonfarmwork			
: of	: nonfarm	: Dave	: Earn:	ings	Dave	Earn	lngs	
: workers	: earnings	worked	Daily :	Annual.	worked	Daily	Annua	
Number	Dollars	Number	Doll	lars	Number	<u>Do</u> 11	lers	
1,014	5,381	53	25.63	1,350	125	32.18	4.0	
•								
861	5,401	52	25.46	1.316	128	31.82	4,0	
		60					4,8	
: 84	4,149	57	24.00	1,362	91	30.66	2,7	
	5 021	60	26 05	, 1 564	128	34 00	4,3	
							4,4	
							5,1	
							3,1	
:	4,505	02	23.30	, , , , ,	-00	21.22	٠,,	
<b>:</b> 241 ,	3,643	29 ,	22.82	662	116	25.72	2,9	
: 208	3,688	27	22.08	590	121 .	25.56	3,0	
9 .							-	
23	<del></del>		,			·	-	
1	-							
: 188	1,066	31	15.59	482	. 57	10.24	5	
: 417	5,263	52 ′	26.39	1,372	127	30.56	3,8	
: '246	8,014	63	27.74	1,740	· 161	39.00	6,2	
: 68	8,323	69	30.85	2,140	167	37.12	6,1	
: 58	5,846	60	20.38	1,224	, 144	32.01	4,6	
: 18 '					′ <del></del>		-	
20 •	****			<del></del> (			-	
1				<i>.</i> •	•			
: 132	1,246	34 '	15.01	518	66	10.96	. 7	
: 323		59	26.86	1,596	123	32.13	* 3,9	
: 190 -	8,773	69	27.76	1,909	165	41.62	6,8	
: 60	8,861	77	31.17	2,405	170	37.90	6,4	
: 38		".					-	
: 15							-	
: 15			t				·-	
:	•						•	
: 55	633	22	17.74	395	34	6.92	2	
					_		3,6	
: 56		· 42		1,165	147	29.04	4,2	
: 8								
: 20							-	
: '3						<u></u>	-	
1 4	<u></u>	**-	*					
	F.							
463	7,907	60	28.89	1,747	161	38.15	6,1	
: 443	7,922	60	28. <del>9</del> 8	1,749	161	38.30	6,1	
:	3 250	1.6	22.04	1.016	0 E	22 64		
	· 3,230			11010		2 <b>3.</b> 04	2,2	
: 539	3, 135	46	21.83	994	95	23.57	2,2	
:		•		•				
-	. 7.690	63	27.23	1.725	154	37.26	5,7	
	-		27.23	71723			J, /.	
							4, 3	
					-		4,5	
							6, 2	
- 177	~ 7 4 4 4			.,			7.0	
	of workers    Number	## workers : earnings : Number : earnings : 1,014	Of   nonfarm   Days   worked   worked	Thou and   Path and   Of   nonfarm   Days   Days   Daily	Thou, and   Farm and   Of   Inonfarm   Days   Day	Thousands   Fatm and   Thousands   Of   Section   Thousands   Of   Of   Section   Thousands   Of   Of   Section   Thousands   Of   Of   Section   Thousands   Of   Of   Of   Of   Of   Of   Of   O	Thou and   Farm and   Farm and   Farm   Days   Da	

<sup>-- -</sup> base was fewer than 50,000 persons.



## Appendix table 11--Hired farmworkers who did farmwork and nonfarmwork: Employment chatacteristics by average number of days worked and earnings, 1981

	:	-	<b>:</b>	Farmwork		:	Nonfarmy	ork '
Characteristics	: Thousands : of	: Farm and : nonfarm	<u>-</u> -	: Barn		<del>:</del>	•	ings
, ,		: earnings	Days worked		Annuàl	Days worked		Annual
	: Number	Dollars	Number	<u>Doll</u>	ars	Number	<u>Dol</u>	
All workers	: : 1,014	5,381	53	25.63	1,350	125	32. 18	4,031
Primary employment status:	: :							
Farzwork	: 124	7,295	174	29.69	5,168	69	31.03	2,127 ·
· Wired farmwork	: 105	7,749	197	29.86	5,882	6 <u>0</u>	31.08	1,867
<ul> <li>Without nonfarawork</li> </ul>	.: 0	\	- (•			•	,	
With nonfarmwork	: 1,014	5,381	53	25.63	1,350	125	32.18	4,031
Other farmwork 1/	: 20	<del></del>						´ - <del></del>
Nonfarmwork	: 4 420	8,341	38	,25,.01	949	198	37.33	7,393
Unemployed	: 46					<del></del>		
Not in labor force	423	2,132	35	20.19	71-1	76	18.73	1,421
Keeping house	÷ 45		<b>Z</b> -				***	
Attending school Other	342 36	1,932	36	18.98	682	75 	16.66	1,250
						`		
Residence, sex, and days of	<b>:</b>		4 .					
fármwork:	: *						,	
All Workers.	:					4		
Fewer than 25	<b>:</b> 526	4,893 .	9	23.69	211	142	33.04	4,682
25-74	: 264	4,550	46	25.06	1,145	117	29.10	3,405
.75-149	: 115	6,345	107	23.38	2,493	111	34.60	3,851
150-249	: 74	8,389	190	29.03	5,509	82	34.99	2,881
250 and over	: 34	<del></del> ,	<del></del>		· ,	***		
Nonfarm residence	: 910	°5,485 ,	50	26.10	1,294	129	32, 43	4,191
Fewer than 25	: 483	4,7990	÷ 9	23.58	208	144	33.16	4,782
25-74	: 240 •	4,637	45	25.47	1,149	118	29.44	3,488
75 <del>-</del> 149	: 102	6,652	106	24.08	2,562	117	35.02	4,090
150-249	: 55	8,878	190/	29.22	5,565	93	35.77	3,312
250 and over	: 28	·	_ <del>_</del> ⊅		***		****	
Males	:							
Fewer than 25	· : 372	5,507	9	25.31	232	149	35.50	5,276
25-74	: 200	4,797	46 '	25.17	1,159	120.	30.38	3,638
75-149	: 98 .	6,811	107	23.36	2,508	121	35.70	4,303
150-249	: 70	8,294	189	29.28	5,546	79	34.82	2,748
250 and over	33	,0,254						
	1					•		<b>4</b> .
Females	:		•			•		
Fewer than 25	: 154	. 3,412	8	19.40	161	125	25,99	3,250
25-74	: 64	3,780	45	24.72	1,100	109	24.70	2,680
75 and over	: 22	<del></del> ,			,	<b>*-</b>		
Migratory status and days	:					,		
of farmwork:	<b>;</b>		٠.					,
Migratory	r ,32							-#
Fewer than 25	; 11							<u> </u>
25-74	: 12							
′ 75~149 `	‡ 5 <sub>1</sub>			<u></u> -				· `
150 and over	: 5				<b>*</b> -		. <del></del>	-+
Nonmigratory	: : 981	5,349	52	25.56	1,334	125	32.15	4,015
Fewer than 25	: 515	4,869	9	23.81	212	141	32.97	4,657
25-149	: 363	5,087	64	24.31	1,561	- 115	30.77	3,526
150-249	· 71	8,288	191.	28.88	5,507	80	34.56	2,781
250 and over	33	0,200 * <del></del>	171 .	20.00	J, JU /		24520	2,701
150 and over	. 55	•						

Zeros appear where estimate was fewer than 500.

-- \* base was fewer than 50,000 petsons.

1/ Includes operating a farm and unpaid family labor.



Appendix table 12-Hired farmerkers who did farmerk and nonfarmerk: Regions and racial/ , ethnic groups by average number of days worked and carnings, 1981

•	Thousanda	: Perm and	:	Parmwork	٠	:	Nonfaravo	k
Character istics	: of	: nonfarm	Days	Larn		Days	: Earn	ngs
	: Workers	: ¢arninga :	worked	Delly	,Annual	worked	Dally	Aponual
	: Number	Dollars	Mumber	<u>Do1</u>	lars	Number	<u>Dol</u>	lars
Il workers	. : 1,014	5,381	53	25.63	1,350	125	32.18	4,031
ensus regione:	:							
Northeast	: 96	4,550	69	21.77	1,511	28	23.76	3,039
Whites Hispanics	: 90 : 2	4,703	72	21.86	1,569	131	23.94	3, 13
Blacks and others	: 3	• =	'	<del></del>				
North Central	: 338	5,403	, 51	26.01	1,320	123	33.10	4,08
Whites	330	5, 441	51	25.81	1.318	124	33.13	4,12
Hispanica Biscks and others	: 5		·					
South	: : 378	5, 331	48	24.22	1° 157°	130	32.02	4, 17
Mitem	: 281	5, 544	46	. 24.49	1.124	137	32.28	4,42
Mispanica Blacks and others	: 32 : 64	3,979	51	21.90	1,115	98	29.20	2,86
West .	202	5,828	57	29.47	1,682	118	35.23	4,14
Whites	159	5,461	52	29.11	1,506	120	32.94	3,95
Hispanics	‡ 29		<del></del>	***	<del>-</del> -			
Blacks and others	: 14 :							
tandard Federal Regions:	: 31				,			
- Whites	: 31							
HisPanice	: 0							
Blacks and others	: 0		•					
11 0	48							
Whites	: 43		***	. 4				
Hispenics Blacks and others	: 2 : 3			<b>'</b>				<i>-</i> -
111	: : 42		۰	`			`	
Whites	: 38		•		-		٠,	
Hispanics. Blacks and others	: 0 : 4	`	`		`			
IV .	211	4,887	44	22.65	.990	125	31.20	3,89
Whites	: 211	4.887 5,077	44 '	22.08	961	132	31.25	4,11
Hispanics	: 0							
Blacks and others	: 50 :	4.271	44	24.47	180.1	103	31.01	3, 19
V Whites .	: 196 : 193	5,331	55 56	26.75 26.74	1,484	121 121	31.83 31.81	3.84 3,85
Hispanics	: 193	5.352	,			121		
Blacks and others	: 0		*	·	•			
Ty.	153	6, 146	59	27.08	1.601	136	. 33.44	4,54
Whites Hispanics	108 34	6,323	. 55	28.85	1.600	139	34.04	4,72
Blacks and others	<i>i</i> 11				=			
vII , -	.: 128	5.577	44	24.50	1,073	128	35.15	4,50
Whites	: 123	5,654	44	23.82	/ 1.038	<b>£31</b>	35.25	4,61
Hispanics - Blacks and others	3	´	'					_ ==
AILI #	: : 48	_					•	·
Whires	: 43	=						
/ Nimpenice	. 2				'			
/ Blacks and others.	: 3							
IX Vhf-a-6	81	6,840	" 65	36.51	2,366	107	41.79	4,45
Whires Kispanics	: 47 : 24			b				
Blacks and others	10	=		<u></u> .			` =	
	76	4.389	51	20.75	1.052	119	28.09	3,33
X								
X Whites Hispanics	: 74 : 1	4, 354	51	20.83	1,061	120	27.53	3,29

Zeros appear where estimate was fewer than 500. -- -- base was fewer than 50,000 persons.

### Appendix table 13--All hired farmworkers: Percentage distribution of dally farm earnings by selected characteristics and regions, 1981

	Thousanda		es so	1.00 -	.61: 00 ***	e earnings	30.00	993 AA	694 24	. Med Lan
Characteristics 4	of workers	: Fewer : :then \$8.00:	10.00 to:21	13.49	: \$16.99 :	\$17.00 to:\$	\$22.99 4	\$25.99 :	and over	
<del>_</del>	: Number				Percent-		/			Dollara
	. —				,	• /	,			
All workers	2,492	8	10	5	8	4 /	. 12	11	42	23.83
	: 1,824	9	. 10	6	10`	4	12	10	39	21.79
Hispanics .:		á	` "7	ž	ĭ	7	8	iĭ	61	29.46
Blacks and others	340	6.	13	6	9	2	11	15	39	23.92
Hales `	1.918	8	. 9	<b>´</b> 5	8	4	11	, 9	45	. 24.64
	: 1,434	10	9	5	9	4 2	111 .	9 .	42	23.31
	237 247	3 6	3 14	2 7	8. 0	6 <sup>6</sup> %	11	12	68 41	- 30.30 24.19
Females	574	5	14	7	9	6	15	14	31,	20.44
Whites	374	6	14	8	. 10	6	16	13	28	20.21
	90	i	18	3	2	10	10	12	44	24.68
Blacks and others	93	4	11,	5	11	2	11 .	21	33	23.57
Timary employment status:						•	•		\	\
Partwork :	796	. 6	6	3	4	. 3	10	10	58	28.02
Hited farmwork Without nonfarmwork	: 706 : 601	6 7	6 6	3 4	4 4	2 2	9 8	10 ,0	60 59	28.40 28.45
	105	á	9	ů.	5	3	11	.7	61	28.11
_	90	8	ś	4	4	5	23	7	44	23,52
Nonfarmerk	420	5 '	12	4	. 7	5	14	12	41	23.77
Unemployed	86	. 4	7	4	12	4	14	7	48	25.33
	f 1,189 : 199	10 -	13	7 8	11 6	. <u>5</u>	12 12	13, 11	- 31	20.15
	: 199 : 858	4 12	_ 13 14	7 4	13	4	11	' 11	34 27	20.89 19.50
<del>-</del>	132	2	9 🕾	3	9	4 ,	12	8	53	26.66
	: :	•				1				
	605	13	15	7	15	5	11	12	22	17.03
	760	7	8	5	8	4	13	8	46	24.83
25-34		4	. 9	3	5	4	12	11	54	27.48
	236	4	13	4	6	4	10	7	52	27.30
	: 180 : 104	9 5	10 7	5 4	- 3 4 .	6 1	9 14	16 19	41 46	24.49 25.44
65 and over	108	ž.	ý	14	5	ö	îĩ	ió	43	24.76
	<b>:</b>	,	,							
Fewer than 25	969	9	14	7	12	5	14	11	29	20.09
	538	5	9	6	9	5	12	11	43	24.27
	: 310 : 281	7	12	3 4	5 4	4 3	12 6	14 9	44 61	25.02
250 and ****	281 394	6 10	7 6.	4	5	3	8	9	56	29.57 27.48
SALTE.	•	10	٧.	•		,	•	•	<b>J</b>	
ousehold and migrant :	. 1		ı	•		•				
status: Nousehold heads	1.046	6	8	4	5	• 3 .	12	10	54	27.55
Higrarory	44	<u></u>						,		
** *	1,003	6	8	3	5	3	11	10 .	54	27.67
Other household members	1,446	9	12	6	iı	6	<sup>2</sup> 12	11	34	.20.40
Higratory		15	, 9 .	ž	7	š	7	13	38	23.14
	1.374	8	12	6	11	6	12	11	33	20.38
ensus regions:	•			,						
Northeast	204	14	9.	6	10	7	12	7	35	20.13
Whites :	190	.5	10	6	11	5	10	<u>7</u>	35	20.08
Hispanics : Slacks and others :	: 6 : 8		7 **							 
		•			•	_			•	
North Central Whites	· 688 · 672	6 6 '	12 1 12	5 6	9	· 5	 	13 13	40 39	23.68 23.36-
Hispanics :			' 12			·				25.50
Blacks and others	8		<b></b> . `			; <del></del> ' -		´	,	<b></b>
South	: : 1,004 •	8	12	6	11	5	14	n .	33.	20.76
Whites	627	10	أة سر	ě	12	. š	15	10 -	32	20.32
Hispanics	113	ĭ	17	-2	0	13	15	11	41	22.87
Stacks and others	265	6,	16	' 6	11	2	il	15	32	21.97
West 7	595	6	6	4	3	. 2	8	8	62	29.90
		•	, 🗸							
Whites	335	8	8	5	5	3	13	5 -	54	27.52
MARK .		8 4 6'	8 2 6	5 3 10	5 1 1	3 2 0	12 4 1	11k -13	73 64	27.52 32.68 30.10

Continued-



### Appendix table 13--All hired farmworkers: Percentage distribution of daily farm earnings by selected characteristics and regions, 1981--continued

Charactéristles	:Thousands:	Feyer	*******	<u> </u>		rm earning	. 630 AO EA	:\$23.00 to:	\$16.00	Median
	workers /	han \$8.00	: \$10.00 :	\$13.99 :	\$16.99	: <u>\$1</u> 9.99	\$22.99	: \$25.99 :	and over	earninge
	: Maber	<i>]</i>	·		Percent					Dollers
Standard Federal Regions: "			•				_			• /
I Whites	: 60 <sup>1</sup>	14 14	8 8 ·	· 4 ·	13 13	8 8	8	11 11	34 . 34	20.25
Hispanics Blacks and others	: 0		•		•-	·	•			•
•	1 -			•						
11 Whites	: 101 : 87	9 10	12 14	6 7	- 10 11	. 5	15 10	3 4	36. 37	20.12 20.03
Hispanica -	: 6			_ <del></del>						'
Blacks and others	: 8/					'	***			<b></b> ,
111	119	20 -	- 6	10	19	2	11	6	27	16.09
Whites · Hispanico	: 106 : 0	21	4	11	18	2	9	5	. 30	16.19
Blacks and others	: 13 •						,			
1 V	567	ý	12	6	11	5	14	12 ,	32	20.42
Whites Hispanics	: 347	.11	10	. 5 🜣	12	6	15	10	3)	20.26
Blacks and others	: 201	5	. 16	i	Ĥ	,2	10	16	33	21.89
v - v	: 380	8	14	7	11	3	, '	` 15	35 .	21.58
Whiteb Hispanics	377	8	15	7	11 *	3	7	15	34	21.07
Blacks and others	: 0			- <del></del>			•			<u>-</u> /.
V1	: 384	5	14	4	6	5	14	н	39	22.73
Whites	229	6	11	6	9	3	16	11	37	21.63
Hispanics ~ Blacks and others	: 102 : 53	. 9	19 17	1 5	0 6	13	. 11	12 \13	43 37	24.34 22.75
VII	: 269	. 4	•	3	8	. 7 \	15	} 11	- 44	24.58
Whites .	258	٠ 4	8 9 ·	3,	B	` 7	\ 16	10 '	. 43	24.10
Hispanics	: 6		·				\ <u></u>	`		
Blacks and others .	, 6 1	o					\			• <del></del>
VIII Whites	: 107 : 98	8 7	10 11	5 5	8 8	3 3	11 12 \	9 7	47 47	24.80 24.54
Hispanics	1 5						\			
Blacks and others	: 4						`			~
IX	334*	4	3	` 4	1	1 .	8	\ 6	74	33.47
Whites Hispanics	: -115 : 165	5 2	3 2	5 2	0	1 2	15 5	2 5	. 80	34.35 35.64
Blacks and others	: 54	45 6	5	9	ő	õ	į	14	66	31.03
x	: : 172	ıì ′•	10	4	5	3	^ 9	13	4*	25.02
Whitea	: 148	ii	ÍQ	4	, 6	3	10	6	42	24.94 \$
, Hispanics	: 23 : 2	<b>~</b> -							\	

Zeros appear where the estimate was fewer than 500.

-- w base was fewer than 50.000 persons.

| Includes operating a farm and unpaid family labor.

## Appendix table 14-Aff hited fargmorkets: Percentage distribution of total annual estnings by selected characteristics and regions, 1981

	!Thousand:	Pewer	:\$500 to	;\$1,000 to	:\$2,500 to	ual carning :\$4,000 to	:\$5;500 to	1\$7,500 to	\$10,000	Median
	- V-	than \$500	: \$999	: \$2,499	: \$3,999	: \$4,000 to : \$5,499	: \$7,499	: \$9,999	and over	eatnings
	: Number			 	Per cen	_	,			Dol lats
Il workers	·: 2,492	22	10	18	n *.	7	10	• 9	13	2,484
thnic groups and sex:	:						• .			
Whites ,	: 1,824	23	- 11	18	iı	7	9	8	14	2.315
Hispanies Blackę and others	: 328 : 340	¥3 .	4 12	16 23	18	6	12 · 11	15 . IT	15 5	3,914
	• 340	**	12	23	10	\ <sup>5</sup> .	11	11	,	1,656
Hales . Whites	: 1,918 : 1,434	18	9 10	18 18	11 10 -	7	, 10 9	, 11 9	. 15 16	3, 053
and the second s	237	6	. 4	13		6.	15	19	20	2.682 6.288
Blacks and others	: 247	<b>.</b> '''	14	. 20	<b>₹</b> 17	6	13	13	6	2,512
Females	: 574	` 34	12	20.	. 11	7	6	4	5	1,197
Whitee Hispanics	: 390 : 90_	32 34	14	18	11 20	8 6	. 7 6	4 5	6. 3	1,266
Blacks and others	: 93	43	. \4	24 29	4	2	Š	5	2	1.246
timaty employment status:	:		, 1				,			• ,
Farmwork **	: 796	6'	\ <sub>'3</sub>	11	12	9	18	19	;.21	6,504
Rited farmwork	·i 706 • 601	!	2 3	11	13 13	10 9	20 20	22 21	22 23	7.138
With nonfatowork	: 105	Ö	0	10	13	14	. 17	28 .	20	7,079 7,415
Other formwork 1/	: 90	46	8	16	. 8	. 5	8		9 .	742
Non fatzwork Un employed	: 420 : 86	20	2 16	8 27	16 15	. 10 . 7	,16 ` 10.	14 0	34 4	7.325 1.795
	: 1,189	40	17	26	9	4	ı.	, i	ō	726
Keeping house	: 169	¥ 41	14	30	ų.	. 4 .	0	. 0	0 (	839
• • •	: 858 : 162	. 42 . 29	18 17	25 ^ 29	8 14	4 * 5	2 1	1 4	0	679 1,159
ge (yeats):	:							•		
14-17	: 605	50	r 19	21	. 6	. 2	1	0	0	499
	: 760	12	9 4	23	16	9	9	10	12 -	3.172
25~34 35~44	: 498 : 236	9 12°	4° 4	13 13		. 7 8	14 16	17 13	25 23	6.330 6.058
43,-54	: 180	12	5	17	15	10	13	9	20	4,079
55±64 65 and over	: 104 : 108	17 34	5 14	14 17	9 10	8 9	27 5	12 9	7 2	, 4.904 1,195
ays of farmwork:	Ė				•		•			
Fewer than 25	: 969	. 50	11	10	7	5	4	- 3	10	498
25~74	: `538	10	20	39	12	4	4	3	7 ^	1,532
* 75-149   150-249	: 310 : 281	: 0	8	27 12	~31 11	13 16	27 .	7 20	5 13	3.111 6,331
250/and over	: 394	. ŏ	J 1	9	';	5	19	26	33	8,267
ousehold and migrant	:									
status:	:						.,			
Household heads Migratory	: 1.046 : 44	9 	<u>.</u> 6.	11	12	-6 	14	15	26 	6.383
.Nonmigtatory	: 1,003	9	6	12	12 .	6	14 .	15	27	6,418
	: : 1,446	31	. 13	23	, II	. 8	- 6	5	3	1, 232
Migratory	72	22	23	20	. 8	, II,	13	0	3	1.299
Nonmigratory	: 1,374 :	32	13	24	11	7	. 6	5.	3	1,228
ensus regions:	: 101	٠.		1		,		•		0 /50
Northeast Whites	: 204 : 190	19 20 -	11 9	22 22	10 10	7 6	, °	9 ' 10	14 14	·2,453 2,472
Hispanics	: 6				- 4-			<u> </u>	·	
Blacks and Othets	: 8									
North Central	: 688 -	28	12	16	9	8	7	7	13	2.030
Whites Hispanics -	: 672 : 8		12	16 	9	8	7	7	13	2.013
Slacks and others	: 8	·		<u></u> . ·			. =			
South	: : 1,004	24	10	19	11 7	7.	12	10	8	. 2.215
Whites	: 627	23	9	20 ′ -	•10	8	711	8	ŧì	2,246
Hispanies .	: 113	. 26	2	10	15	5	16	23	3	3, 574
Blacks and others .	: 265 : ~	24	. 14	22	11	. 6	11	9	, 3	1.563
West	595	13,	8	19	15	5	, 9 '	11	20	3. 522
Whites Hispanics	: 335 : 201	15	12	16	~ 15 19	. 6	* 8 10	8 12	20 23	3.367 4,225
			4	20		` 6				

Continue

5ŷ."

ERIC

Appendix table 14-All hired farmiothers: Percentage distribution of total annual extrings-by aciented characteristics and regions, 1981-continued

	Thousand	e: <del></del>	-		Total and	usl earning	:a - · · ·	1	4	1 Maddan
Characteriatics	t of workers	: Pewet	:\$500.£0	:\$1,000 to	. 22 SAA *-	. ex 7000 ex	165 SAM #	0:\$7,500 £0	\$10,000	Median , earnings
· -	: Number				Percer		/			Dollars
Standard Peder Regions:	:	•			¥	<del></del>	- /			<del></del>
I	: 60	17	* 8	24 •	18	4	5/	` 6	18	2,621
Whites Hispanica	: 60 : 0	17 ,	8	24.	19	4	Ŋ	6	18	. 2,621
. Blacks and others	. 0			• .			• /			
•		•	,		•		/			· i
II .	: 101	18	15	21	. 6	6	/!!	10	13	2,299
Whites Rispanics	: 87 : 6	21	11	. <u>21</u>	5	. 6	/ 13	. 11	12	2,356
Blacks and others	. 8						/ =	,		~ <u></u>
•					,		/ /			
III	: 11,9	24		24	13	5.	/- !!	' II .	7	2,220
Whites Hispanics	.: 106 : 0	° 23	5	21	,12	6 /	. 13.	12 `	8	2,527
Blacks and others	: 13					/		,		· ·,
	:		/			-/	, -	,		`
. Whitea	: 567 : s 347	. 23	12 11	20 - 21	13. 10	1/2	· 12	6 - 5	7 10	1,928 2,083
Hispanics ,	: 18				·	Δ.	• =			
Blacks and others	102	25 👡	15	ار ا	12	′,	11	8	د	1,522
٧	: 380	30	• 11	17	,	8	8	7	13	1,808
Whites:	: 377	30	12	17	7	. 8	8 1	7	' 13	1,808
Hispanica	: 3	_	,		•	<del></del>	_		_ <del>-</del> -	
Blacks and others	. \$0		7	•	•	1				
VI .	: 384	24	8	16	8	· 1	10`	16	11	3,014
Whites	: 299	22	• 9	17	9	9	7	12 `	15	3,225
Hispanics	: 102	29	2	10	7	6	16	23	?	4,426
Blacks and others	; 53	24	<u>]2</u>	23	5	<b>?</b> }	14	16	1	- 1,625
AII ,	: 269	` <b>26</b>	12	13	12	9 \	6	7	14	2,246
Whites	258	26	, 13	14	11	2 /	6	8	15	2,158
Hispanics Blacks and others	: 6	_				\				<u></u> , `
process and Ganera	;					· \			·	
VIII (	: 107	17	7	18 '	18	6	10*	8	15	21202
* Whites	: 98	16	. 7	19	- 17	6 \	11	9	14	3,332
· Hispanies Blacks and others	: 15	-				\				
·	•			•		}			-	4
IX.	334	10	6	20	12	5 \	10	14	23	4,941
Whitca Hispanics	: 115 : 165	10 6	10 5	14 · 20	. 16 . 13	5	, 9 11	9 14	28 25	4,926. 5,366
Blacks and others	: 165	22	3	20 32	, 0	, j	10 .	22	10	2,217
	:		~		•	-	\ ``	· .		
X	172	- 18	14	13,	19	5	7	6	12	2,410
Whites Hispanics	: 148 : 23	18	<u> 1</u> 6	19	. 13	<u> </u>	\ <u>'</u>	7	. 13	2,029
Blacks and others	23						1 - '		• == `	
							l .			

Zeros appear where estimate was fewer than 500.
-- - basc was fewer than 50,000 persons.
1/ Includes operating a farm and unpaid family labor.

## Appendix table 15--All hired farmworkers: Percentage distribution of annual farm earnings by selected characteristics and regions, 1981

	:Thousands	177	:\$500 to	:\$1,000	CO COO -	arm earnings o :\$4,000 to	:\$5,500 t	o:\$7,500.t	o: \$10,000	Hedian
<del>-</del>	vorkers	:than \$500	: \$999	: 42,499	: \$3,999	: \$5,499	\$7,499	: \$9,999	and over:	earning\$
٠,	Number,		~		Perce		!			Dollar
li workera	: 2,492	39 -	. `   2	17	7	5	6	6	6	923
19;,	:	· .	•							
Whites	: 1,824	44	12	• 17	. 6	5	. 5	4	. ~6	• •694
lispanics	328	18	10	15	16	-, <u>s</u>	,10	11	. 15	12,872
Blacks and others .	: 340 :	33	15	19	, 5	4	10	9	-3	1.137
Malea	1.918	34 39 <i>◆</i>	12	17	. 8	5	?	7	8	1,206
Whites Kispanics	: 1,434		- 12 - 11	í8	7	.6	6 12	· 14 ^	7	933
Blacks and Pthets	: , 237 : , 247	12 26	16	11 17	16 7	. 8	12	12	15 3	3,581 1,568
Fesalės	574	55	12	17	6	3	4	2		397
Whites	: 390	:60	13	13	i,	. 3	3	, į	• i	342
Mispanics	: 90	35	9	24	16	. 4	. 6	3	3	1,177
Blacks and other#	: 93	51	12	1 26	. i	។	5	/ 3	္ 2	347
imaty employment status:	<u>;</u>	,		¥ .		• •		•		. •
Farmwork •	: . 796	7	4	12	12	10	18	18	19	6,106
Hired Inrework	: 706	1	3	12	12	40	. 20	<u>,2</u> 0 ∕	21	6,654
Without nonfarmwork	: 601	Ļ	. 3	11	13	9*	20		23	7,079
With nonfarmwork	105	.0	4	20	10	- 18	20	. 14	15.	5.172
Other farmwork 1/	: 90	55	. 8	15	8	4	4	Ĭ	° 5 ,	415
Nonfarmwork	: 420 f	56	. 15	17	5	. 4	1	0	• 0	397
Unemployed Not in labor force	: · 86 : 1.189	43 54	18 17	22 19	9 5	2	5	. 0	0.	** 670 420
Keeping housé	: 199	50	- 17	25	6	¹ 1	0	• 6	Ô	512
Attending school	· 177	57	18	18	, ,	2	ĭ	ŏ	. 0	- 406
Other .	: 132	43	13	22	13	4	_ i	ŏ.	* 0 *	. 718
(years):	: :	•		•			• •	,		
14-17	: 605	60	17	15	S	2	0 *	0	0	363
18-24	: 706	. 37	13	22	8		5	- 5	6	1,008
25-34	: 498	31	8	17	8	6	10	11	, 9	1,823
35-44	: 236	23	12	12	- 11	6 9	13	9	J. 15	3,096
45-54	: 180	. 26	13	/ 16	8 .	8.	8.	8	13	1,674
55-64	: 104 : 108	23 44	7 11	7 11 15	6	, 6	. 26	10 6	~ 6	3,895 606
			-		, ,		_		,	
ys of farmwork: Fewer than 25	: : 969	91	8	. 1.	0	, o	0	0	· .c ·	140
25-74	536	íé	34	46	3	'õ	ŏ	Ŏ	´`ŏ	1,000
75-149	: 310	ì	13	30	/ 35	14 .	3	. • 0	• 0	2,536
150-249	281	0	1	13	/ 12	<b>4</b> 19	28	15	.10	5 2643
250 and over	7 394	0	1	9	7.	6	19	. 26	- 32 +	8.110
sehold and plgrant	•							. 1		٠,٠
tatus: Household heads	: : 1,046	28	10	13	9	5	10	10	13	2,059
Migratory	: 44								ري <del></del> ر	
	1.003	29	10	13	. 9	• 5	10 .	. 10	13 👯	2,059
Other household members	: : 1,446	47	14	20	, •7	5	4	3	2	588
Migratory	72	26	20	19	8	12,	14			1,144
	: 1,374	48	14	20	, ,	4	3	3 -	2	527
isus Teglons:	ß	;						•	•	
Wortheast · ·	204	34	14	21,	. 6	3	4	7	. 10	1,104
Whites	: 190	35	13	* 21	, .	2	4	8	10	1,143
Hispanics	: 6.	<b></b>				<u> </u>			<b></b>	, –
Blacks and others	: 8 :	<b></b>						<del></del>	, ,	, <b></b>
orth Central Whites	: 688 : 672	49 49	12 12	14	, 6	5 5	5 4	3 3	4 5	508 505
	: 672 : 8	49 .	12	14 ,	,	<del></del> ,	`			30:
Blacks and others	. 8			-	. / ==			·	, <del>-</del> "	,
South	: : 1.004	40	14	. 18	6	5 .	g	5	. 2	796
Whites	: 1.UU9 : 627	. 44	14	, 18 19			. 6	. 3	3	689
Mispanics '	113	25	9	10	13	5	์ เม็	เเ้	3	1,882
Blacks and others	265	~34	16	19	"	<b>.</b> 5 .	iò	8	ĭ ′	1,035
lest ,	: : 595	27	10	. 17	.2 H	4	7.	. 9	. 13	2,026
whites	335	37	11	16	-, '	4	·5 , *	6	្ស ដែ	1,149
Hispanics	201	9	- 8	19	18	5	<i>i</i> 10	12	17	3.256

Continued--

5.



### Appendix table 15--All hired farmworkers: Percentage distribution of annual farm earnings by selected characteristics and regions, 1981--continued

<del>,,</del>	Thousand	91 20			Annual fa	re earnings				Hedian
Characteristics :	of works	Pewer	:\$500 to	:\$1,000 to	:\$2,500 to	:\$4,000 to	:\$5,500 to	0:\$7,500 to	: \$10,00	esrnings
	l	:Enan \$500	: \$999	: \$2,499	: 53,999 Percen		: 51,435	: 59,999	: and ove	Dollara .
tandard Fodoral Regions: I Whitea Hispanica	60 60 0	35 35 35	11 11	26 26	10 10	4	3	6.6	1 4	1,228 1,228
Blacks and others	0 101 87 6	30 31 1	19 17 	18 18 	.4.	{ 	, - <del>7</del> 	, 8 9 1	13 12 . —	1,173 ° 1,179 °
III Whites Hispanica Blacks and others	106 0 13	. 44 . 43	9 10	, 21 19	9 9 1	1	, 5	1 6	5 5	720 715
IV Whites Hispanics Slacks and others	\$67 347 18 201	40 46 	16 16 	18 ~ 18 ~	. <del>-</del> 7	25615	'7 '6 '10 '10 '10 '10 '10 '10 '10 '10 '10 '10	4 •2 -7	2 2 -	786 567  918-
Whites Whites Rispanics Blacks and others	380 377 3	* 50 ·	12 11 —	17 17	6 6 		\$ \$	2 & -	5 	502 498
vi Whitee Hispanics Blacks, and others	384 229 1021 53	38 40 40 28	12 11 10 18	16 19 9	5 6 5 5	6 6 6 5	8 6 10 13	8 'A 6 12 . _13 '	- 6 6 0	*957 915 *-1,033 14075
VII Whites Hispanics Biacks and others	269 258 6	51 52 	12 13	10 10 	6.	7 7 		4 -	. 144	494 - 491
VIII Whites Hispanics Biacks and others	107 98 5	37 36 	13 12	16 17 	, 9 8 	° 5′ 	· 7	6 7	11.	1,047
IX Wiltes SKispenics Blacks and others	334 115 163 54	18 31 7 22	' 9 8 9*	16 '11 - 19 19	11 11 14 1-	5 6 6 1	8 3 11 10	13 8 13 22	18 20 18 9	3,014 2,279 3,885 2,217
X Whites Klapanics Blacks and others	172 148 23, 2	39 43 —	12 13	19 . 19 .	7, 12, 7.	1 -4	, 6 4.	3 4 	· • 6	991 876 

Zeros appear where estimate was fewer than 500.

-- = base was fewer than 50,000 persons.

1/ Includes operating a farm and unpaid femily labor.

Appendix table 16-Aired farmworkers who did farmwork and nonfarmwork: Percentage distribution of annual nonfarm earnings by selected characteristics and regions, 1981

	: Thousands	1;			Annual no	nfarm earni	ngs	•	· •	
Characteristics*	: WOTERTS	Fewer	:\$500 to	:\$1,000 t	o:\$2,500 to	:\$4,000 to	; \$3,500 t	o:\$7,500 to	: \$10,000	Hedlan escnings
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	: Number		. ,,,,,	. 72,433	Percent		. 3,,4,,	451525		· Dollars @
All workers	1,014	36	, ,		13	,		· ·	. 7,, ,	, <u> </u>
•	: 1,044	26 .	/ 10	17	13	, ′	٠,	٠ • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		2,128
Ethnic groups and sex:	: : 861	25.	9	18	13	* 8 .	7: .	4	15, 1	2,212
<ul> <li>Hispanics</li> <li>Blacks and others</li> </ul>	: 69 : 84	0 34	.16 - 16	16 20	9 11	12 4	7 -	- 15 L	14 8	2,754 1,173
Males .	773	23	11	, 17	14	6	8 '	Š	. 17	2,353
Whites Hispanics	: 652 : 60	23 16	10	18 4	- 14 10	. 3	. 8 18	4 13	17 18	2.4363
8lecks and others	61	33	17	14.	iš	3	7	~~~~ <u>~~</u>	ii	957
Pemales	: 241	r 33	. 8	^	!!	13	4	5,	:,,	. 1,353
Whites Hispanics	: 208 : 9	33 		· 17		14	5 	<u></u>	, `	1:376
Blacks and Othets	23	·			,		<b></b> ,	<u>.</u>		
Primary employment atatus: / Farawork	124	. 29	16	22	- 23	3	i	- 0	∫ ;	1.296
Hired farmwork	: 105	33	17	120-	. 24	3 ,	, 2	ŏ.	2	1,084
Without nonfarmork With nonfarmork	: 0 : 105 \	33	17	20	24	. 3	. 2	·o	ا <sup>ر</sup> 2	1,084
Other farmwork 1/ Nonfarmwork	20	3		11	15	 12	13	Q 11	. ' == .	6,313
Uncuployed	: 46		1 =			, <del>-</del>		\$ <u>-</u> .		567
Not in labor force Keeping house	: 423 : 45>	47 	14	20 	10 				<del>.</del>	507
Attending school ,	: 342 : 36	50 	14	19 	9 	÷ <u>,4</u>	4	, <del>"</del>	<u> </u>	494
Age (years):	:	•	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		- :		•	•		•
14-17 18-24	: 188 : 417	72 17	11	. 14 22	1 16	, 2 8	1 · 9	0 5	; 11	253 · 2,277
25-34	: 246	14	6	14	14	8	9 .	, 6°,	30	4.036
35-44 2 45-54	: 68 : 58	11 ,	15	, 10 18	. 13 . 26	· 8	12 6	19	21 <sup>-</sup> 20	3,905 3,024
55-64 65 and over	: 18 : 20					'	·		. <u>%</u> -	
Days of farmwork:	:			,				<b>a</b> .	, .	. /
Fever than 25	: 526 : 264	24 27	10 9	14 22	11 13	10 .	. 7	· 5.	19 12	2,524 \ 1,703 .
75-149	: 118	ลู้ใช้ เริ่ม	12	19	16	7 -	.15	3	_ 10	2.704
150-249, 250 and over	; 34 ; 34	31	13	17 	19	-4		3	7 <del>4</del>	n, 831 (*
Household and migrant		,	-, \			*			•	•
Status: Housefold heads	: : 463	. 11	, 10	. 14	13	°6	9	ýg.	27	4,049 \
· Migratory , , , .	20 443	,	٠ ــــ '					م مص 9	27	, '
Nonmigratory	:	11	10	14	, 13	6,	,	,		4,039
Other household members Migratory	: 551 · : 12	38 	10 	• 20	. 13	8	- <del>-</del> ′		_4	1,125
Nonmigratory	: 539 :	. 37	Ħ	1 20	13	8	6.	1	4	ړ 1,162
Cénsus regions: Northeast	96	28 -	6 -	1 - 20	18	12	8	, .	,	2,158
Whites	: 90	26	6	- 21	. 17	12	8	t, - 2	- 8	2,187
Hispanics Blacks and others	: 2		,	\		 -;	. ==	<del></del>		
Norch Central	: : 338	- 28	11	17	. 11	° 🐧	6	4 -	16	1,950
Whites Hispanics	330	28	11	17	Ü	7 .	-6 	4.	16 2	1,981
Blacks and others	: 3				,			,		-7,
South	: 378	23 .	9	. 17	. 11	9 '	° . 10	7 .	13	2,441
Whites Hispanics	: 281 : 32	22	7	' 18 '	12	10 	- <del>-</del>	. 1 ,	16	2,584
Blacks and others	: 64	29	19	, 19	, 11	6	9.	- 0.	7 (	1.215
West	: 202	25,	13	15	17	3 3	, 6	2 .	19	1,535
Whites Hispanics	ı; 29	25	.12	· 17	19 	÷=		· /	16	1,821
Blacks and others	: 14	· ·		~~	;			<b></b> . (	> <del></del> ;:	″ <del>-</del>

Continued...

Appendix table 16--Hired farmworkers who did farmwork and nonfarmwork: Percentage distribution of annual nonfarm earnings by selected characteristics and regions, 1981--continued

>	t Thousand:	• :	_		Annual no	<u>níarm eathi</u>	ngs			- Modern
Characteristics	: - of '	: Fever	:\$500 to	:\$1,000 0	o:\$2,500 to	:\$4,000 to	:\$5,500 to	:\$7,500 t	o: 840,00	D: "ROISH
	: vorkera	: rewer :than \$500	: \$999	: \$2,499	: \$3,999	: \$5,499	: \$7, <u>499</u>	: \$9,6 2	:And over	: earminge
	: . : Number				Percen					Dollar
•	- IMAGE				, 101001					DOLLER
tandard Federal Regions:	:					•				
1	: 31		_ =*		<del></del>					
Whites	: 31			===						
'.llispenics	: 0				•					
Flacks and others	: 0	_								•
II .	: 48	'				**			,	<i>-</i>
Whites	: 43			_						
'llispanies	: 2					·				
Blacks and others	: 3									
	:			h						
111	> 42		***				<u></u>			, <del>-</del>
Whites `	: • 38					,	/,		÷	
Hispanics	: 0						٠, ۲			
Blacks and others	: 4									
tv	: 211	23	8	22	12	ш	7 .	2	15	2,098
Whites ?	: 161	21	ě	23	· iž	12		3	16	2,462
- Hapanice	0		•		•••	1.6	•	•		-,
clacks and others	: 50°	27	16	20	13	7	٠,	0	. 9	1,400 ي
	:								٠,	
V	: 196	29	12	Į\$	13	6	. 7	, 5	14	1,999
Whites	: 193	28	12	15	14	6	7 7	<b>`</b> 5	14	1,999
H.spanics	: 3				<b></b>	`				
Slacks and others	: 0					•				·
VI	153	_ 27	8	· 10	12	. 8 .	11	- 11	12	2,968
Whites .	: 108.	29	ő	9	15	, ı̈́°,	5	9	17	2.910
Mispanies	: 34			,		10, 1.		<u></u>		2,710
81mcks and others	. 11				==			<b></b> -		
	: "				•			*		•
VII	.: 128	26	. 9	2 Ì	8	9	4	3	20	1,567
Whites	: 123	27	8	20	8	9	4	4	21	1.587
Hispanics	: 3						•			
Blacks and others	: 2						`	<b>'</b> *,		
viti	: : 48	22 -		13	20	•	8	4'.		
Whites	: 48		· []	15	18	2 3.	ء	3	19 18	•
Whites Hispanics	: 43	22	12	13	18	J.	-		10	
Blacks and others	. 1	· <del></del>		·		1 =	<del>;-</del>			
yacks and deliete	. ,					,	•			****
IX	: 81	19	22	14	12	2	6.	2	23 -	1,340
Whites'	: 47	٠								,
litspantes	: 24					<b>~</b> =	<b></b>	, <b></b>	±	
"Blacks and others	: 10	·· <b>,</b>						<b>~</b>		
	ŧ		•				_	_		
X	: 76	32	7	20	20	3	3	3	14	1,531
Whites	: 74	33	7	20	18	3	3	. 3	· 13	1,434
Hispanice	: , 1		~=	•	`		. <del></del>			
Blacks and others	: 1	~ <del>.</del> =	<b></b>	,		'				

Zeros appear where base was fewer than 500.
--- a base was fewer than 50,000 persons.

I/ Includes operating a farm and unpaid family labor.

## Appendix table 17--Hired farmworker estimates: A comparison using 1970 and 1980 census weights, 1981

•		Census base	weights		
Characteristics	, 19	770 :	19	80	Difference 1980 minus
:	Number	Distribution	Number	Distribution	- 1970 L
1	Thousands	Percent ,	Thousands	Percent	Thousands
•. •.	Anocodingo	,	•		znocodnac
All workers 1/	2,423	100	2,492	100	69
Racial/ethnic groups:	,				
Whites	: 1,794	74	1,824	73	30
Hispanics	312	13	328	. 13	16
Blacks and others	317	13	340	14	23
Primary employment	•			·	1
status:	• •				1
Farmwork	768	. 32	796	32	28
Hired farmwork	: 680	28	706	28	26
Without farmwork	578	24	601	24	23
With farmwork	101	4	105	4	4
Other farmwork 2/	89	4	90	4	1 .
Nonfarmwork	410	17	420	17	10
Unemployed	<b>:</b> 83	3	86 <sup>-</sup>	· 3	3
Not in the lacor	•	•			
force	: 1,161	48	1,189	48	28
Keeping house	: 192	8	199	8	7
Attending school	840	35	858	. 34	18
Other .	128	5	132	5	4
Age (years):	:				
14-17	594	25	605ء	24	11
18-24	737	30	760	31	23
25-34	: 476	20	498 /	20	22
35-44	: 231	10	236	9	5
45-54	: 178	7	180	7-	2
55-64	101	4	104	4	3 3
65 and over	: 105	4	108	4	3
Migratory status:					า
Migratory	: 112	5	115	`5	3 '
Nonmigratory	2,311	5 95	2,377	<del>95</del> -	66
Census Region:	<del>.</del> ;				• .
Northeast	: 205	8 .	204	8	~1
North Central	692	29	688	28	-4
South	963	40	1,004	40	41
West	562	. 23	595	24	33
	<u>-</u>				Continued-

5ė

Appendix table 17--Hired farmworker estimates: A comparison using 1970 and 1980 census weights, 1981--continued

		Census base	weights .	· ,	THE GENNER
Characteristics	19	70 -,	. 19	980	1980 minus
	Number	Distribution	Number	Distribution	1970
***************************************	: Thousands	Percent	Thousands	Percent	Thousands
Days of farmwork:	;				•
Fewer than 25 /	: 949	39	-969	· 39	20
25-74	: 520	2 r	538	´ , 22	18
75-149	: 303 ·	13	310	12	7
150-249	: 270	11	281	. 11	11
250 and over	380	16	394	` 16	14

<sup>1/</sup> Numbers and percentages may not add to totals due to rounding.

<sup>2/</sup> Includes operating a farm and unpaid family labor.

APPENDIX II: SOURCE AND RELI-ABILITY OF ESTIMATES Estimates in this report are based on data obtained in December 1981 from supplementary questions in the CPS of the Bureau of the Census.

#### Sampling Procedures and Questionnaire Design

The CPS sample was initially selected from 1970 census files and is updated periodically to reflect new home construction. This sample includes 620 areas comprising 1,113 counties and independent cities in each State and the District of Columbia, but excludes Puerto Rico and other U.S. territories and possessions. Trained interviewers collected the information from approximately 58,000 U.S. households. The supplementary questions on the December survey were asked of persons 14 years of age or older who performed farmwork for wages or salary during 1981. Questions concerned the number of days of farmwork for wage or salary, migratory status, hired nonfarmwork and wages, principal employment status in 1981, residence, and other matters. Persons performing hired farmwork during 1981 but who died, entered the armed forces, or were no longer in the civilian noninstitutional population for other reasons were not included. Also, foreign nationals who did hired farmwork in this country and returned to their homes before the field collection were not included.

The estimating procedure used for the CPS data involves the expansion of the sample results to independent estimates of the U.S. civilian noninstitutional population by age, race, and sex. These independent estimates are based on statistics from the 1980 Census of Population; statistics on births, deaths, immigration, and emigration; and statistics on the number of people in the armed forces.

## Reliability of the Estimates

Since the CPS estimates in this report are based on a sample, they may differ somewhat from the figures that would have been obtained from a complete census even if it had been taken using the same schedules, instructions, and enumerators. There are two types of errors possible in an estimate based on a sample survey—sampling and nonsampling. Sampling standard errors are provided for data in this report, but the extent of nonsampling error is unknown. Consequently, particular care should be exercised in the interpretation of figures based on a relatively small number of cases or on small differences among estimates.

#### Nonsampling Variability

As in any survey work, results are subject to errors of response and nonreporting in addition to sampling variability. Nonsampling errors can be attributed to many sources. A partial list would include inability to obtain information about all cases in the sample, definitional difficulties, differences in the interpretation of questions, respondents' inability or

For a detailed explanation of CPS sampling procedures, see The Current Population Survey-A Report on Methodology, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Paper 7, U.S. Govt. Print. Off., 1963.

unwillingness to provide correct information, inability of respondents to recall information, mistakes made in recording or coding the data, mistakes made in processing data, mistakes made in estimating values of missing data, and failure to represent all units in the sample.

Undercoverage in the CPS results from missed housing units and missed persons within sampled households. Overall undercoverage, as compared to the level of the 1980 decennial census, is about 7 percent. CPS undercoverage varies with age, sex, and race. Generally, undercoverage is largar for males than females and for blacks and other race's than for whites. Ratio estimation to independent age-sex-race population controls partially corrects for the bias due to survey undercoverage. However, biases exist in the estimates to the extent that missed persons in missed households or missed persons in interviewed households have different characteristics than interviewed persons in the same age-sex-race group. Further, the independent population controls used have not been adjusted for undercoverage in the 1980 census.

#### Sampling Variability

Since the size of most nonsampling errors is unknown, the reliability of an estimate is described only in terms of standard errors. These are primarily measures of sampling variability; that is, the variations that might occur by chance because a sample, rather than the whole of the population, is surveyed. As calculated for this report, the standard error also partially measures the effect of certain response and enumeration errors, but it does not measure any systematic biases in the data. The chances are about 68 out of 100 that an estimate from the sample would differ from a complete census figure by less than the standard error. The chances are about 60 out of 100 that this difference would be less than 1.6 times the standard error, and the chances are about 95 out of 100 that the difference would be less than twice the standard error.

### Comparability with Other Data

Data obtained from the CPS are not entirely comparable with data obtained from other governmental sources. This is due in large part to differences in survey processes. Therefore, caution should be used when comparing data in this report with data from other sources.

#### Standard Error Tables and Their Use

The figures presented in appendix tables 18 through 22 provide approximations of standard errors of various estimates shown in this report for data on total, white, and black and other hired farmworkers. To obtain standard errors for workers of Hispanic origin, multiply the standard errors in appendix tables 18 through 22 by 1.4.

Standard errors for values not shown in the standard errors tables may be approximated by interpolation. To derive standard errors that would be applicable to a wide variety of items and could be prepared at a moderate cost, a number of approximations were required. As a result, the tables of standard

ERIC Full Text Provided by ERIC

5.

errors (along with the factor for persons of Hispanic origin) provide an indication of the size of the standard errors rather than the precise standard error for any specific item.

#### Standard Errors of Estimated Numbers

Appendix table 18 shows standard errors,  $\sigma_{\rm x}$ , for estimated numbers of hired farmworkers. Linear interpolation may be used to obtain standard errors for intermediate values not shown in the tables.

Alternately, standard errors can be calculated using the following formula (1), which was used to compute the tabular standard errors. Direct computation will give more accurate results than linear interpolation.

$$\sigma_{x} = c\sqrt{ax^{2} + bx}, \qquad (1)$$

where x is the actual size of the estimate (not rounded to thousands); a is 0.000382; b is 3,796; and c is 1.0 for total, white, or black and other persons, and 1.4 for persons of Hispanic origin. Formula (1) is used to calculate standard errors for estimated numbers of hired farmworkers only.

### Standard Errors of Estimated Percentages

Appendix table 19 shows standard errors of estimated percentages of hired farmworkers. The reliability of an estimated percentage, computed by using sample data for both numerator and the denominator, depends on both the size of the percentage and the size of the total on which the percentage was based. Estimated percentages are relatively more reliable than the

Appendix table 18--Standard errors for estimated numbers of hired farmworkers 1/

(68 chances out of 100)

Size of estimates	` : ;	Standard error
- <u>T</u>	housands	
10		. 6
. 25		10
50		14
100		· 20
. 250		31.
500	•	45
1,000	E.	<b>*</b> 65
2,500		109
3,000		122
<u>v</u> 4		

1/ To obtain approximate standard errors for persons of Hispanic origin, multiply the above standard errors by 1.4.



Appendix table 19--Standard errors of percentages of hired farmworkers 1/
(68 chances out of 100)

Estimated	:			Bas	e of	percenta	ge in th	ousands		
percentage	:	25	50	;	100	250	500	1,000	2,500	3,000
-	:	<b>*</b>			,	<u>Per</u>	cent			<u> </u>
l or 99 2 or 98	<i>;</i>	3.9 5.5	2.7	1	1.9	1.7	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.4
5 or 95 10 or 90 15 or 85	:	8.5 11.7 13.9	6.0 8.3 9.8		4.2 5.8 7.0	2.7 3.7 4.4	1.9 2.6 3.1	1.3 1.8 2.2	.8 1.2 1.4	.8 1.1 1.3
25 or 75 50		16.9 19.5	11.9 13.8		8.4 9.7	5.3 6.2	3.8 4.4	2.7 3.1	1.7 1.9	1.5 1.8

1/ To obtain approximate atandard errors for persons of Hispaulo origin; multiply the above standard errors by 1.4.

corresponding estimates of the numerators of the percentages, particularly if the percentages are 50 percent or more. Linear interpolation may be used to obtain standard errors for intermediate values of the percentages and the base of the percentage shown in appendix table 19. Or standard errors,  $\sigma(x,p)$ , can be calculated using formula (2). Direct computation will. give more accurate results than linear interpolation.

$$\sigma_{(x,p)} = c\sqrt{\frac{b}{x}} p (100 - p)$$
, (2)

where x is the actual size (not rounded to thousands) of the subclass of the population which is the base of the percentage; p is the percentage ( $0 \le p \le 100$ ); b is 3,796; and c is 1.0 for total, white, or black and other persons and 1.4 for persons of Hispanic origin. Formula (2) is used to calculate standard errors for estimated percentages of hired farmworkers only.

## Standard Errors of Estimated Averages

Averages are subject to large sampling variability since the sample estimates of an average are affected by extreme values. Appendix table 20 shows standard errors of average numbers of days of hired farmwork; appendix table 21 shows standard errors of average annual earnings; and appendix table 22 shows standard errors of average daily earnings. Linear interpolation may be used to obtain standard errors for intermediate values not shown.

In the source and reliability statement for tables 20 and 21 in The Hired Farm Working Force of 1979, standard errors were provided based on a new variance estimation procedure. Powever,

Appendix table 20--Standard errors of average number of days of hired farmwork 1/

(68 chances out of 100)

Average number of da	ys.	1	Base of	average	ired fa	red farmworkers				
of hired farmwork pe year per worker	er :-	<b>′</b> 50	: 100	200	250	500	750	1,000	2,500	3,000
	:					Number		•	ž	
10	:	1.2	1.0	0.8	<b>0.7</b>	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.2
25	:	3.5	3.1	2.5	2.2	1.5	1.4	1.3	.9	.7
50	;	10.2	7.2	6.4	5.7	4.0 -	3.6	3.4	2.3	2.0
75	:	16.4	11.6	9.2	8.2	5.7	4.7	4.5	2.8	2.5
100	:	19.2	13.6	10.7	9.6	6.8	5.6	5.0	3.3	2.9
125	. :	20;0	14.2	10.8	9.7	7.2	5.9	4.8	3.0	2.8
. 150	:	19.7	14.0	10.6	9.5	6.8	5.6	3.6	2.4	2.1
200	:	15.5	11.0	7.8	7.0	5.0	4.1	3.0	2.0	1.7
250	:	ľ1.3	8.0	5.6	5.0	3.5	2.9	1.3	.9	.7
300	:	7.1	5.0	3.4	3.0	2.0	1.6	.8	•5	.4

Note: Appendix table 20 pertains to averages computed from distributions allowed to vary over the entire range of days worked. Standard errors for truncated distributions (for example, workers with fewer than 25 days of hired farmwork) are somewhat smaller.

1/ To obtain approximate standard errors for persons of Hispanic origin, multiply the above standard errors by 1.4.

Appendix table 21--Standard errors of average annual earnings from hired farmwork 1/

#### (68 chances out of 100)

Average earnings from hired farmwork per	:	. В	ase of	average	, in th	ousands	of hi	red farm	workers	-
year per worker (Dollars)	:	50	: 100	200	250	500	750	1,000	2,500	3,000
	:	•				Dollars	<u> </u>			
100	;	17	12	<sup>†</sup> 9	8	6	5	. 4	3	2
250	:	<b>.</b> 58	41	29	` 26	19	18	16	11	10
500 •	:	118	84	59	53	41	40	. 35	23	21
750	:	ĺ78	126	` 89	80	64	62	54	36	33
1,000	:	219	155	110	98	85	79	68	45	41
2,000	:	314	223	• 158	141	132	110	96	64	58
3,000	:	331	235	167	149	138	114	99	66.	60
4,000	:	340	241	171	153	141	115	100	۰ 67	61
5,000	:	344	244	173	155	142	- 115	100	67 •	61
6,000	:	346	245	174	156	142	115	100	67	61
9,000	. :	345	245	174	156	142	115	100	67	61

1/ To obtain approximate standard errors for persons of Hispanic origin, multiply the above standard errors by 1.4.



## Appendix table 22--Standard errors of average daily earnings from hired farmwork $\underline{1}/$

#### (68 chances out of 100)

Average earnings from hired farmwork per	:	Base	of a	veta	ige,	in	thousa	ands,	, of	hí	red f	arn	worker	s ,
year per worker (Dollars)	∕; ` <u>;</u>	50 :	100	œ√:	250	:	500	:	750	:	1,000	:	2,500	3,000
,	:	. {					<u>D</u> e	olla	rs_	٠,	·		-	
4 5.00	: (	0.60	0.42	(	0.27		0.19	0	.17		0.14		0.09	0.08
7.00		۱ <b>.</b> 13 <sup>٪</sup>	.81		.51		. 36		.31		.26		.16	.15
9.00	: ]	1.46	1.04		.66		.50		.42		.35		.22	.20
11.00	: 1	1.52 ·	1.08		.68		.53		.48		.43		.27	.25
13.00	: 1	1.54"	1.09		.69		. 55		.51		.47	•	.30	.27
15.00	: 1	. 57	1.11		.71		.56		.53	•	. 50		.32	.29
17.00	: 1	1.59	1:13		.73	•	. 57	,	. 55		.52		33	.30
19.00	: 1	1.62	1.15		.75		. 58	•	. 56		.53		.34	.31
21.00	: 1	1.64	1.16		<b>₽76</b>		. 59		.57	•	.54		.34	.31.
25.00	: 1	1.66	1.18		.78		.6h		. 59		.55		.35	.32
27.00	: ]	1.68	1.19		.80		,621	,	.60		.56		.35	.32
30.00	: 1	1.69	1.20		.81		.63		.61		.57		.36	.33

<sup>1/</sup> To obtain approximate standard errors for persons of Hispanic origin, multiply the above standard errors by 1.4.

re-analysis of the 1979 standard errors via the variance a and b parameters showed that the individual curves were based on only a few items; thus, the reliability of these variances is questionable. Therefore, it is recommended that the parameters and tables in the 1981 report be used to calculate standard errors for 1979 data.

# Illustration of Use of Standard Error Tables

Appendix table 1 of this report shows 2,492,000 persons performing hired farmwork in 1981. Interpolation of data in appendix table 18 shows the standard error for an estimate of this size to be approximately 109,000. Thus, the chances are 68 out of 100 that the estimate would have been a figure differing from a complete census figure by less than 109,000. The chances are 95 out of 100 that the estimate would have differed from a complete census figure by less than 218,000 (twice the standard error).

Appendix table 1 also shows 39 percent of the farmworkers. worked fewer than 25 days. Interpolation in appendix table 19 indicates the standard error for 39 percent of a base of 2,492,000 would be approximately 1.9 percent. Consequently, chances are 68 out of 100 that the estimated 39 percent would have differed from a complete census figure by less than 1.9 percent; the chances are 95 out of 100 that the estimate would

have differed from a complete census figure by less than 3.8 percent. For example, the 95-percent confidence interval would be from 35.2 to 42.8 percent.

For a difference between two sample estimates, the standard error is approximately equal to the square root of the sum of the squared standard errors of the estimates. The estimate can be of numbers, percentages, and averages. This method will represent the actual standard error quite accurately for the difference between two estimates of the same characteristic in two different areas, or for the difference between separate and uncorrelated characteristics in the same area. If, however, there is a high positive correlation between the two characteristics, the formula will overestimate the true standard error.

Appendix table 1 shows that 16 percent of farmworkers worked 250 days and over. The apparent differences between the workers who worked fewer than 25 days (39 percent) and those who worked 250 days and over is 23 percentage points.

Appendix table 19 shows, by interpolation, the standard error for 16 percent on a base of 2,492,000 to be approximately 1.4 percent (0). The standard error for 39 percent is 1.9 percent (0): To get the standard error of the estimated difference, formula (3) for the standard error of a difference is used as follows:

$$\sigma_{(x-y)} = \sqrt{\frac{\sigma^2 + \sigma^2}{x + \sigma^2}}.$$
 (3)

Therefore, the standard error of the estimated difference is

$$2.36 = \sqrt{(1.4)^2 + (1.9)^2}.$$

This means the chances are 68 out of 100 that the estimated difference based on the sample would vary by 2.36 percentage points from the difference derived using complete census figures. Since the standard error of the estimated difference (2.36 percentage points) is less than the difference between the two estimates (23 percentage points), it can be concluded with 68 percent confidence that the percentage of hired farmworkers who worked fewer than 25 days in 1981 is greater than the percentage of workers who worked 250 days and over in 1981.

Hired Farmworkers: Persons 14 years old and over in the civilian noninstitutional population of the United States at the time of the survey who did any farmwork for cash wages or salary at any time in the year, even if only for oue day.

Farmwork for Cash Wages or Salary: 1) work done on any farm for cash wages or salary in connection with the production, harvesting, threshing, preparation for market, or delivery to market of agricultural products; 2) work done off the farm for

Standard Error of a Difference

Illustration
of the Computation of the
Standard Error
of a Difference

APPENDIX III: DEFINITIONS
AND EXPLANATIONS



a farmer by farmworkers, such as trips to buy feed, seeds, or fertilizer, or to handle other matters involved in running the farm business; 3) repairs of farm buildings and machinery, for example, performed by a hired farmworker when done along with the type of work specified in (1) and (2) above; and 4) managing a farm enterprise for cash salary.

Not included as farmwork for cash wages or salary are: 1) work performed by farm operators on their own farms, or "exchange" work between farmers; 2) work done exclusively for "pay in kind;" 3) work done without pay on a family farm by a member of the farm operator's family (a small regular cash allowance is not considered as farm wages); 4) nonfarmwork performed on a farm, such as the building of a farm structure, drilling a well, hauling agricultural products to market by commercial truckers, or domestic service in the home of a farmer; and 5) custom work such as spraying, threshing, and combining when a person is paid a combined rate for the use of equipment and labor.

Work Classification: Casual workers--persons who worked fewer than 25 days at farmwork. Seasonal workers--persons who worked 25-149 days. Regular workers--persons who worked 150-249 days. Year-round workers--persons who worked 250 days or more.

Days of Hired Farmwork or Nonfarmwork: Days on which any hired farmwork or nonfarmwork was reported of The work may have been for all or only part of a day.

Earnings from Earnwork and Nonfarmwork: Total cash wages or salary received for farmwork or for nonfarmwork. Estimates of earnings do not include the value of perquisites received in connection with farmwork nor the value of fringe benefits received in connection with nonfarmwork.

Primary Employment Status (termed "chief activity" in reports prior to 1976): Information on the primary employment status of hired farmworkers during the year was derived from the question, "What was 🚶 doing most of 1981--working, keeping house, going to school, or something else?" If the initial response was "working," the kind of work the person was doing most of the year was determined. "Hired farmwork" was recorded if most of a person's work was farmwork for cash wages or, salary. "Other farmwork" was recorded If most of a person's working time was spent operating a farm (ss a tenant, owner, or sharecropper) on as an unpaid family farmworker. "Nonfarmwork" was recorded if most of a person's working time was spent operating  $^q$ a nonfarm business, in a profession, working without pay in a family nonfarm business, or working for pay (or pay in kind) in any nonfarm activity (such as manufacturing, trade, construction, and domestic services). For the person who did not report "working" as the primary activity, information was obtained on what he or she was, doing most of the year. "Looking for work" (unemployed) was reported for a person who spent most of the time without employment but was actively looking for a job. "Keeping house" was reported for a person

who spent most of the time doing his or her own housework.
"Going to school" was reported for a person who spent most of the time during the year going to school. The category "other" was reported for a person who spent most of the time at some. activity other than those named above.

Major Crop or Livestock Activity: Information on crop or livestock activity was derived from the question, "What crops or livestock did work with most on the farm there he or she worked the greatest number of days in 1981?" Caregories of response included grains, tobacco, cotton, other field crops, vegetables and melons, fruit or tree nuts, beef cattle, dairy, other livestock, nursery or tree crops, and other.

Migratory Status: Migratory workers are those who 1) left their home temporarily overnight to do hired farmwork in a different county within the same State or in a different State with the expectation of eventually returning home, or 2) had no usual place of residence, and did hired farmwork in two or more counties during the year. Nonmigratory workers are those who 1) did all their hired farmwork for the year in the same county in which they lived, 2) made a permanent move from one county to another during the year (even if they did hired farmwork in both counties), or 3) commuted daily across the county or State line to work and returned home each night.

Distance Traveled: Determined by asking the respondent, "What was the longest distance away from home that traveled while doing farmwork for cash wages?" Interviewers were instructed to record the mileage traveled by the workers from the time they left their homesite until the time they reached the place that was the longest distance away from their home. Distance traveled does not include miles to return to homesite.

Age: Based on the person's age at his or her last birthday.

Education Completed: Derived from the combination of answers to questions concerning the highest grade of school attended by the person and whether or not the grade was finished. Questions on educational attainment apply only to progress in graded public, private, and parochial elementary and high schools, whether day schools or night schools. Thus, schooling is that which may advance a person toward an elementary school certificate; a high school diploma; or a college, university, or professional school degree. Schooling in other schools was counted only in the credits obtained were regarded as transferable to a school in the regular school system.

Racial/Ethnic Group: Refers to division of the population into three mutually exclusive groups—whites, Hispanics, and blacks and others. "Ethnic origin," was determined for this report by asking respondents their origin or descent. The answer to this question may produce results somewhat different from results based on inferred ethnic identification using such characteristics as country of birth of the person or his or her parents; language spoken in the home, or surname. "Hispanic"

includes all Mexican, Mexicano, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or other Hispanic persons? "White" refers to white persons other than those of Hispanic origin. "Black and other" includes blacks and other groups such as Indians, Chinese, Japanese, and others not of Hispanic origin. For simplicity of presentation, these groups are termed whites, Hispanics, and blacks and others.

Family Income: As defined in this study, represents the combined total money income of the family head plus the income of all the head's relatives 14 years of age and over who were family members at the time of the survey. Family income includes wages and salaries, net income from business or farm, pensions, dividends, interest, rent, social security payments, and any other money income received by members of the family during the 12-month period prior to the interview.

Region: Hired farmworker data are presented in the report by two different regional aggregations of States, the four census regions and the 0 Standard Federal Regions.

States included in each of the four census regions are as follows: Northeast—Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York, Pennsylvania, and New Jersey; North Central—Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Michigan, Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, and Kansas; South—Maryland, Delayare, District of Columbia, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi, Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, and Texas; and West—Montana, Wyoming, Idaho, Colorado, New Mexico, Utah, Arizona, Nevada, Washington, Oregon, California, Hawaii, and Alaska.

The States included in each of the 10 Standard Federal Regions are as follows: Region I--Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, and Vermont; Region II--New Jersey and New York; Region III--Delaware, District of Columbia, Maryland, Pennsylvania, Virginia, and West Virginia; Region IV--Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, and Tennessee; Region V--Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Ohio, and Wisconsin; Region VI--Arkansas, Louisiana, New Mexico, Oklahoma, and Texas; Region VII--Iowa. Kansas, Missouri, and Nebraska; Region VIII--Colorado, Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota, Utah, and Wyoming; Region IX--Arizona, California, Hawaii, and Nevada; Region X--Alaska, Idaho, Oregon, and Washington.

Residence: Based on the classification of the place in which the worker lived at the time of the survey. Farm-hired farmworkers were classified as living on farms (farm residents) if they lived on places from which at least \$1,000 worth of agricultural products were sold or normally would have been sold in the reporting year. Prior to 1981, the old farm definition was used, with farm residents classified as those living on a place of 10 or more acres of land from which at least \$50 worth of agricultural products were sold, or less than 10 acres if as

much as \$250 worth of agricultural products were sold from the place in the reported year. Nonfarm—workers who lived in urban places, rural towns or villages, or in the open country on places that did not meet the criteria for farm classification.

Northern Great Plains Coal Mining

What are the likely effects of expraded eoal mining in Montana. 1., ming, and North Dakota on the small towns and communities there? Mining activity in the sparsely populated region has grown dramatically over the last decade-from less than 20 million tons of coal in 1970, to 100 million tons in 1978, with projections for 350 million tons per year hy the mid-1980's.

The Fort Union coal formation, which straddles those three States contains nearly 40 percent of the Nation's coal reserves. Its coal is highly desirable beeause:

-It is low in sulfur, meaning that it can be burned by atility companies with less air pollution than other roal.

-It is in thick seams (some seams up to 200 feet thick), and can be recovered by strip mining.

To try to ascertain the effects of development on the region, the authors

of this report used computerized simulations of various levels of coal activity to see if the communities could afford the increased level of government services and upgraded infrastructure required by new energy projects and the larger population attracted by those projects.

In the long run (10 years or more), most communities in the region will be able to pay for the services required by the new coal-related development, provided that they can tax the new developments. Without taxing authority (for instance, if the mine hes outside the taxing district of a rocality), they will have problems.

Northern Great Plains Coal Mining: Regional Impacts (by Thomas F. Stinson, Lloyd D. Bander, and Stanley W. Voelker; AIB-452, July 1982; 36 pages; color illustrations; \$5; stock no. 001-000-04265-3).

Order from the Superintendant of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office,



Washington, D.C. 20402. Make your check or money order payable to Superintendent of Documents. For faster service, call GPO's order desk at (202) 783-3238 and charge your purchase to your VISA, MasterCard, or GPO Deposit account. Bulk discounts also available.

Mineral Tax Laws Reviewed

State taxes on mineral production yielded more than \$4 bil. Tion in revenues for 17 major mineral-producing States in non in revenues for it major inner a producting charges in 1980 and accounted for more than 20 percent of total tax revenues in 7 States. Yet, Chaing State revenues seems to be Only a minor reason for many States in taxing mineral re-Sources in addition, taxing minerals presents problems un. like those involved in other kinds of taxes (how and when to assess the value of the minerals, for example).

neral Taxes, 1982, summarizes the mineral tax laws includes special uses for which the tax rev. Staf

Why States levy special taxes on minerals. The explanamar o emi

tions usually given include recovering the cost of increased State services, mitigating adverse effects of increased eco. nomic activity, and ensuring a fair return to citizens (includ. nonne durivity, and ensuring a law fourt to currens uncluding the State's natural heriing future generations) for depleting the State's

 How State laws have fared in legal challenges ≥nd the reasons given by the courts in overturning some tax laws write at notating others.

The most common kinds of severance taxes levied on while ur holding others.

minerals, how they differ from one another, and how they compare 4 ith one another on factors like ease of administra. tion, equity, and so forth.

For your cooy of State Mineral Taxes, 1982 (Thomas F. Stinson and George S. Temple; 72 pages; \$4.501, write to Superintendent of Doguments, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. Make your check or money order payable to Superintendent of Documents; ask for stock number 001.000.04317.0. For faster service, call GPO's number out out of 17.0. For rester service, carries to order desk at (202) 783-3238 and charge your purchase to Your VISA, MasterCard, or GPO deposit account. Eulk dis-





tage.

#### United States Department of Agriculture

Washington, D.C. 20250

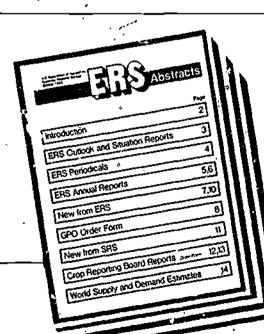
OFFICIAL BUSINESS Penalty for Private Use, \$300



\*Postage and Fees Paid
U.S. Department of Agriculture
AGR:101



THIRD CLASS BULK RATE



ERS Abstracts newsletter is a free service listing reports issued by USDA's Economic Research Service which are for sale by the National Technical Information Service or the U.S. Government Printing Office. To receive this newsletter, send your name and address to:

ERS Abstracts
U.S. Department of Agriculture
Room 4305-South
Washington, D.C. 20250

